



La Jolla Commons Phase II Office Tower

San Diego, California

Alyssa Stangl | Structural Option
Faculty Advisor | Dr. Hanagan



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

○ **Building Introduction**

○ Design Scenario and Proposed Solution

○ Gravity Redesign

- Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
- Beam and Column Designs
- Final Vibrations Analysis

○ Lateral Redesign

- Layout
- Moment Frames
- Shear Walls

○ Architecture Breadth

○ Construction Breadth

○ Conclusions

Building Introduction

- Location | San Diego, California – SDC D
- 13 Stories + Penthouse | 198' – 8"
- 2 Levels | Underground parking
- 462,301 GSF
- Design-Bid-Build
- Construction Dates | April 2012 – May 2014
- Building Cost | \$78,000,000



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Project Team

- **Owner** | Hines
- **Tenant** | LPL Financial
- **Architect** | AECOM
- **Structural Engineer** | Nabih Youssef Associates

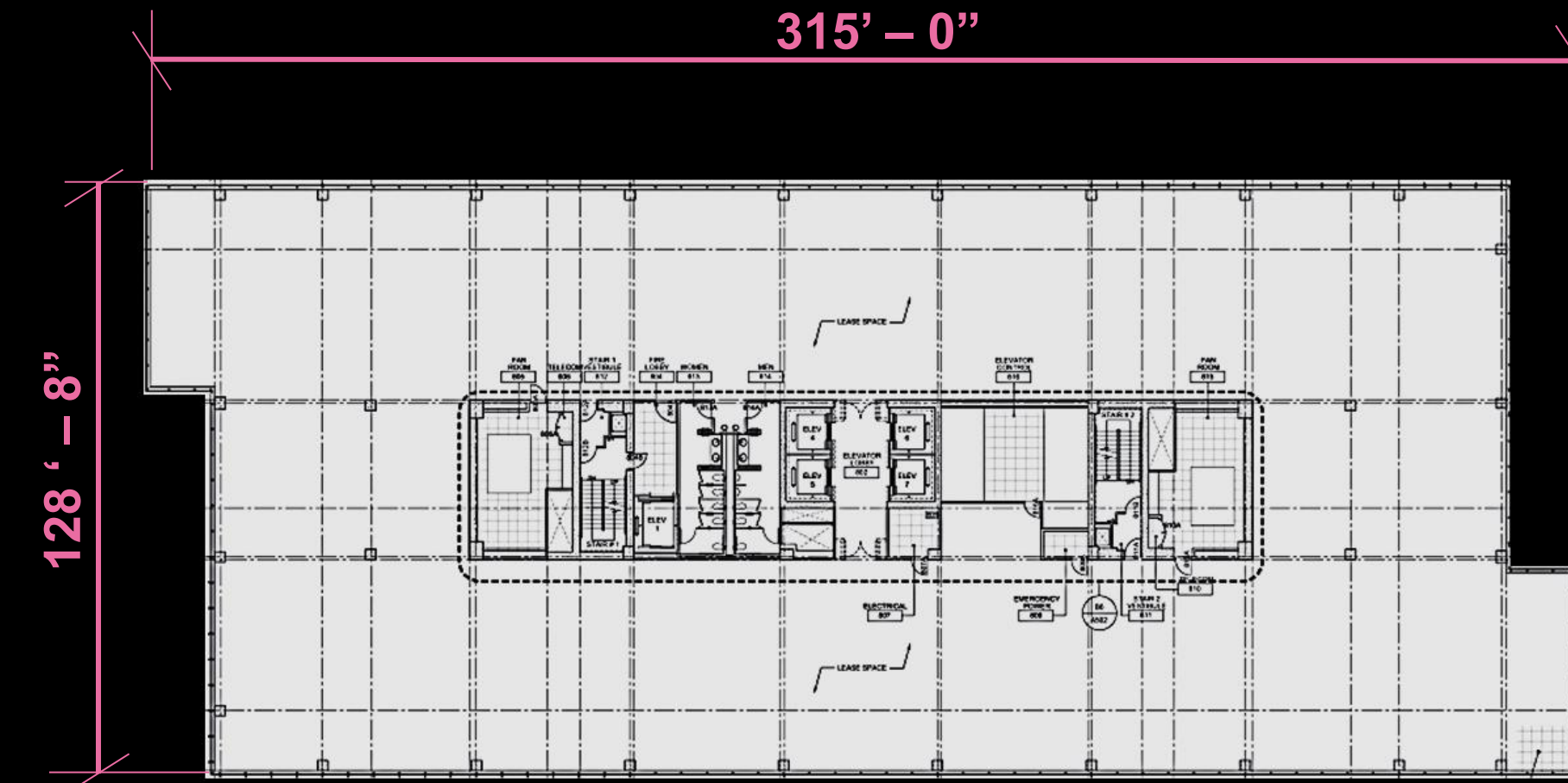


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Architectural Overview

- Large open floor plans
- Office use only
- Similar architecture to LJC Tower I
- 198'-8" height limited by FAA
- LEED-CS Gold & NetZero

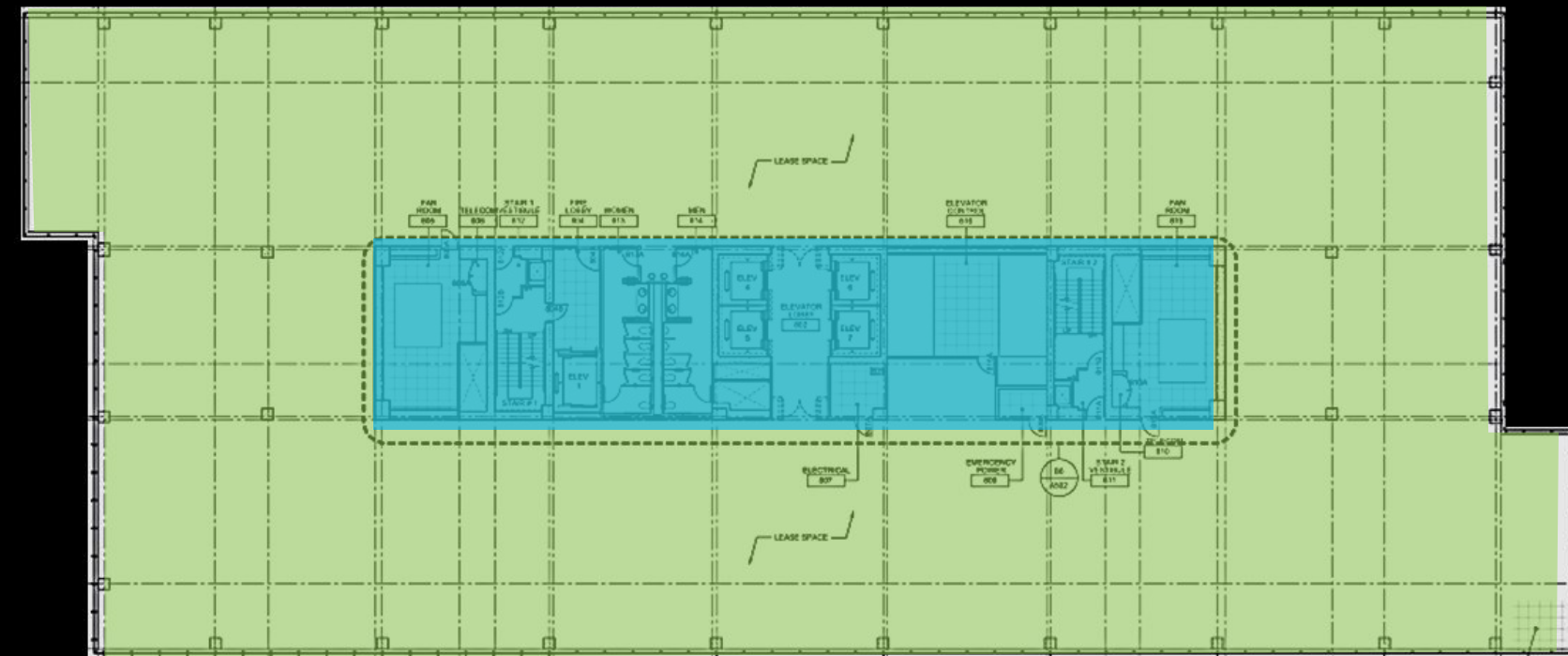


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Architectural Overview

- Large open floor plans
- Office use only
- Similar architecture to LJC Tower I
- 198'-8" height limited by FAA
- LEED-CS Gold & NetZero



- Core – Elevators, Stairs, Mech
- Office Space

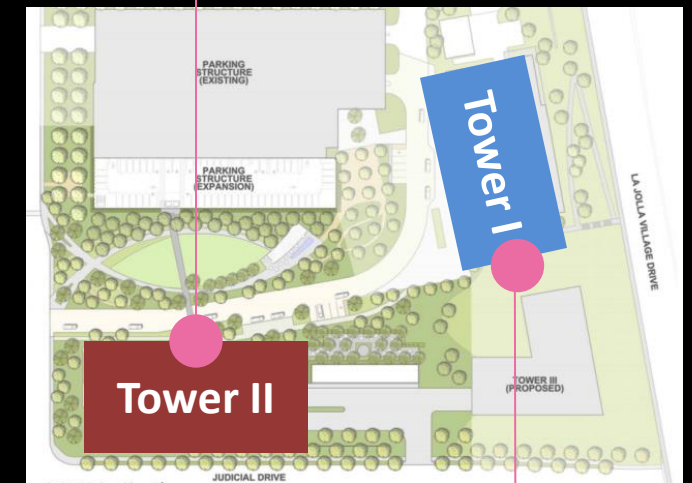


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Architectural Overview

- Large open floor plans
- Office use only
- Similar architecture to LJC Tower I
- 198'-8" height limited by FAA
- LEED-CS Gold & NetZero

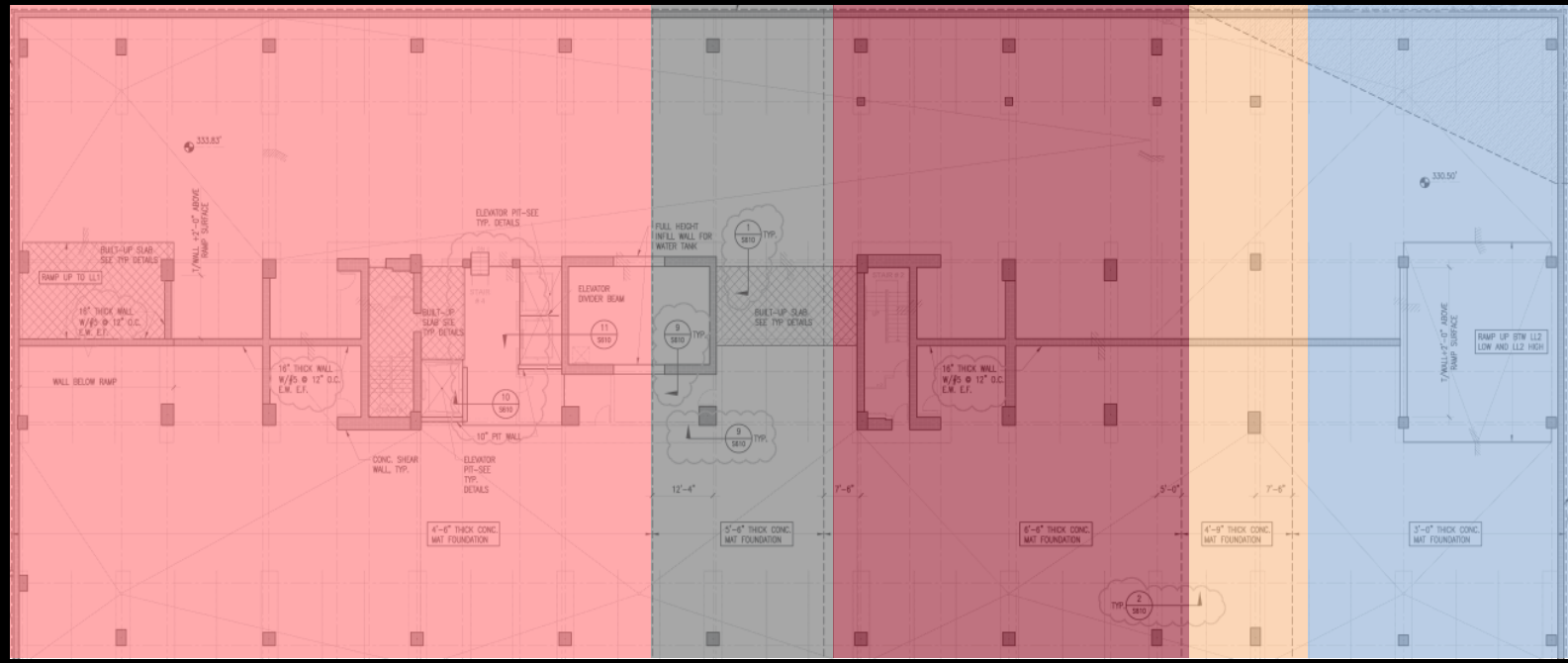


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Existing Structural Overview

- **Gravity System**
 - **Mat foundation**
 - Floor System
- Lateral System
 - Shear Walls
 - Collectors



	4'- 6" Thick
	5'- 6" Thick
	6'- 6" Thick
	4'- 9" Thick
	3'- 0" Thick

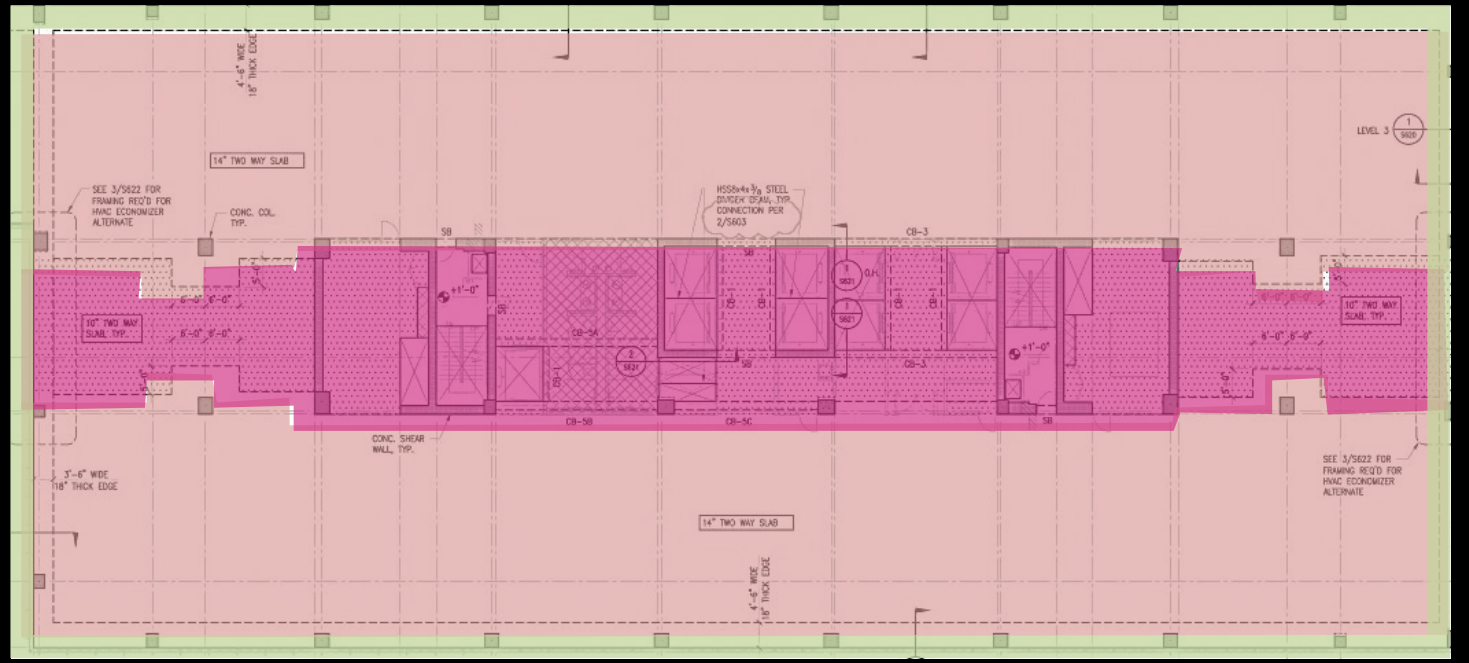


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Existing Structural Overview

- **Gravity System**
 - Mat foundation
 - **Floor System**
 - Two-Way, Flat Plate Concrete Slab
 - 10" – 14" Thickness
 - 18" Spandrel Beam
- Lateral System
 - Shear Walls
 - Collectors



- 18" Thick Spandrel Beam
- 10" Thick Core Slab
- 14" Thick Slab

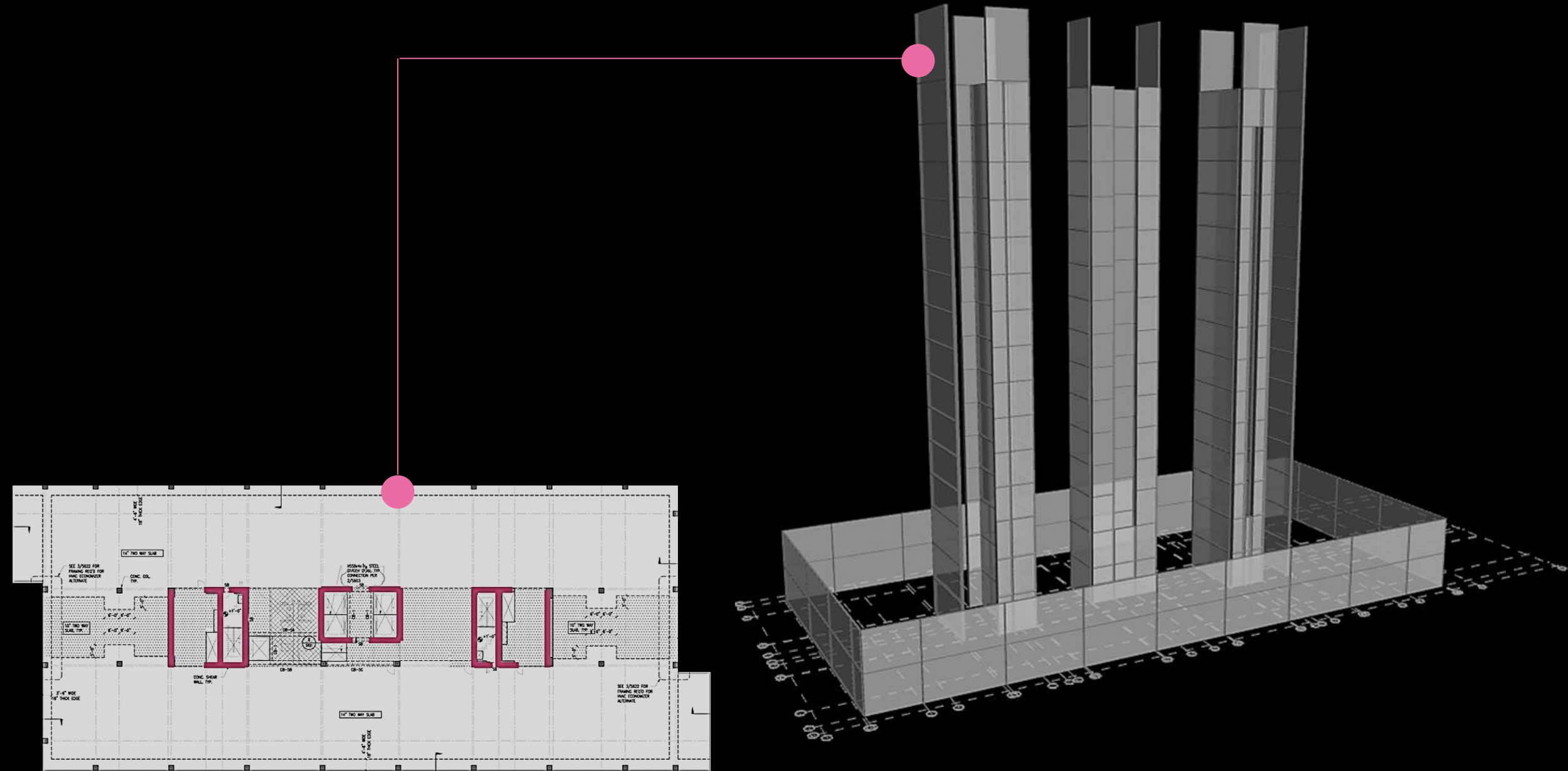


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Existing Structural Overview

- Gravity System
 - Foundation
 - Floor System
- **Lateral System**
 - **Shear Walls**
 - Existing Torsional Irregularity
 - Collectors

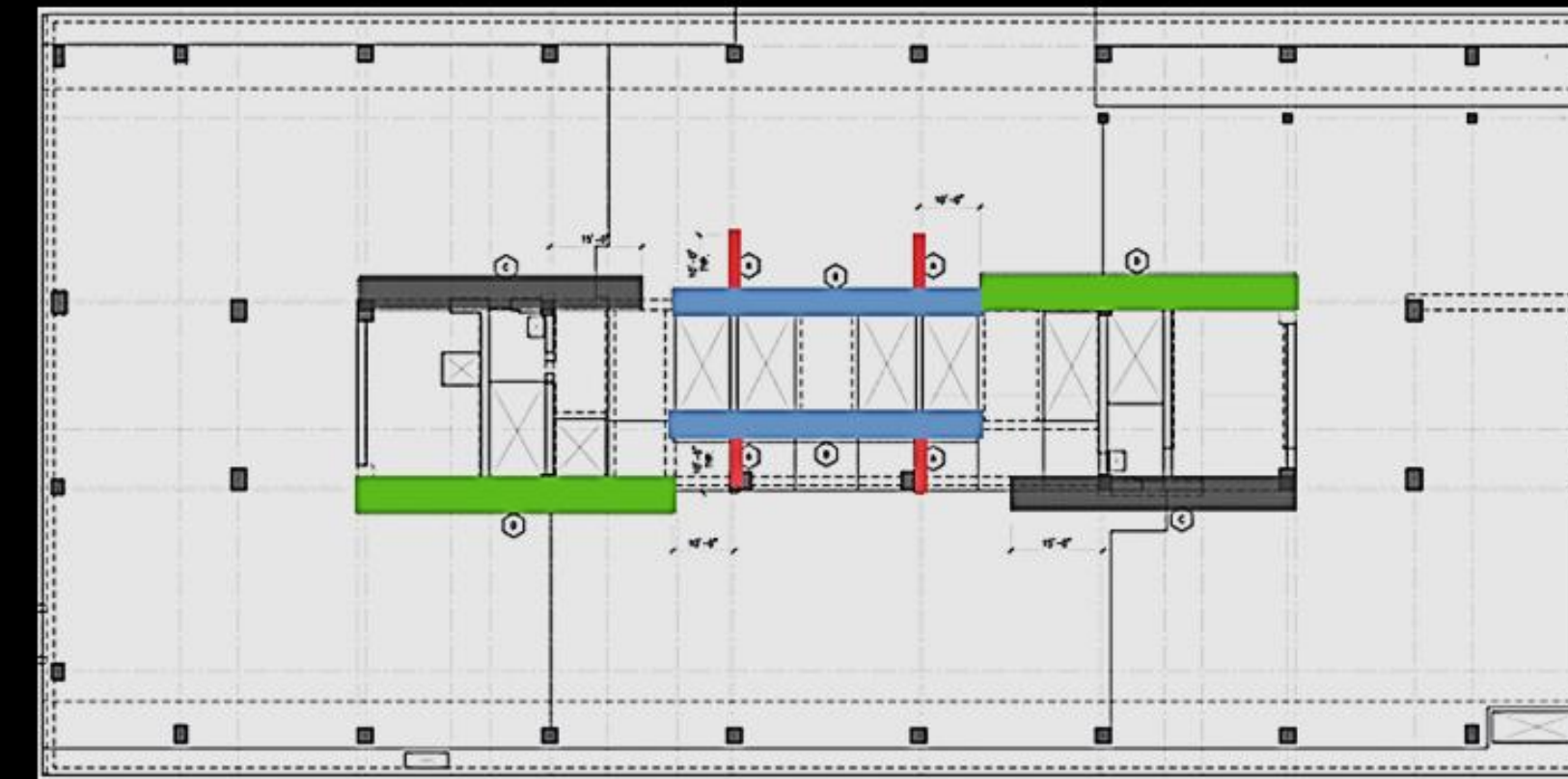


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- **Building Introduction**
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Existing Structural Overview

- Gravity System
 - Foundation
 - Floor System
- **Lateral System**
 - Shear Walls
 - **Collectors**
 - N-S Direction at Lower Levels



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- **Design Scenario and Proposed Solution**
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Design Scenario

- Redesign the building in steel
- Modify lateral system to eliminate existing torsional irregularity
- Determine Impact
 - Architecture
 - Serviceability – Walking induced vibrations
 - Cost and schedule

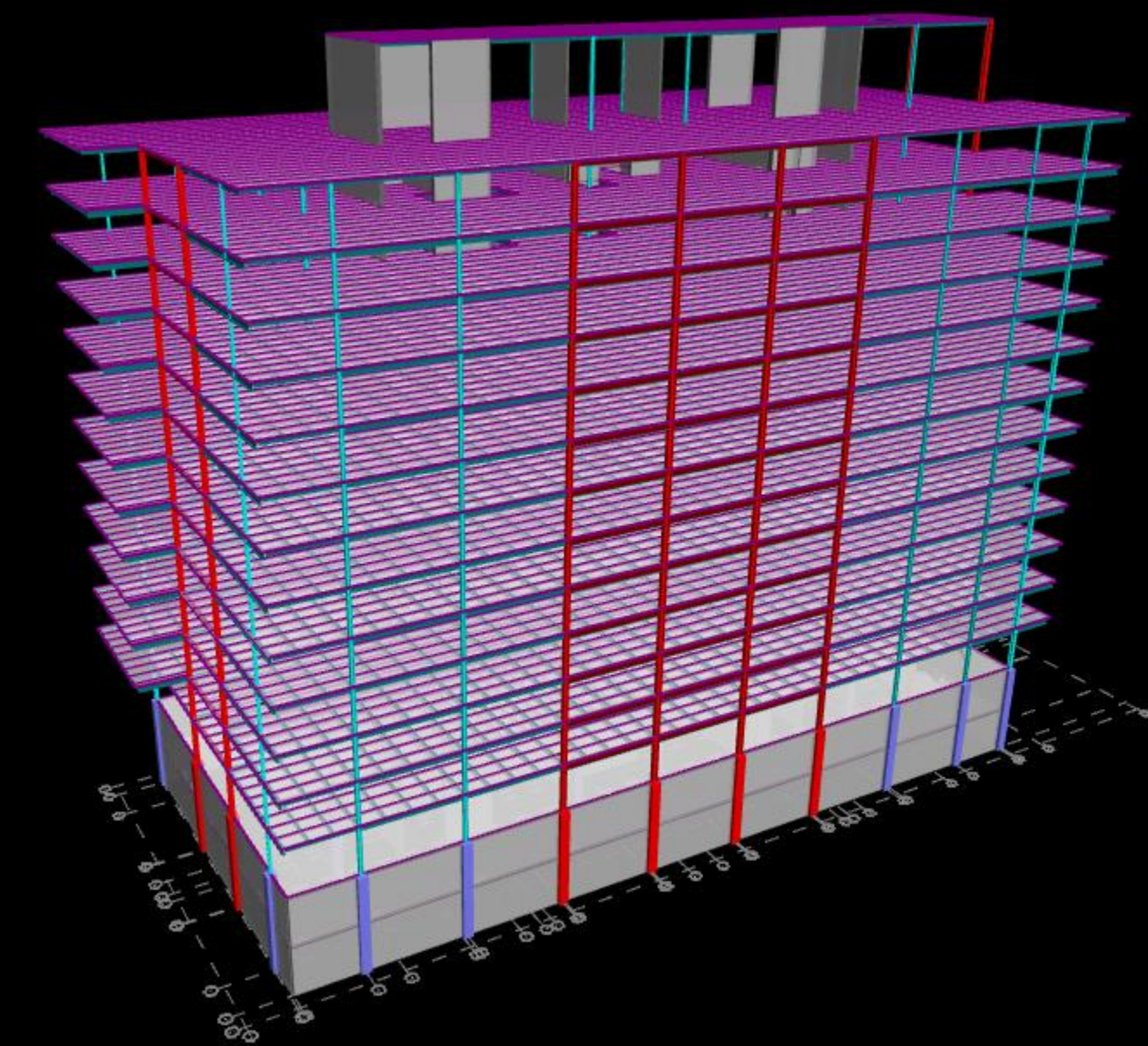
Proposed Solution

- Use original column locations
- Determine configuration of composite steel beams to control vibrations
- Add steel moment frames to building perimeter to control torsion
- Determine floor-to-ceiling height impact
- Compare costs and schedules

La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Gravity Redesign



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - **Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout**
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Preliminary Vibrations Analysis

- Vibrations due to human excitation
- Control peak acceleration of the bay

Design Selection:

- 1.5VLR20
- 4.25" LW Topping
- 7.5' – 8' beam spacing

Source: *The Preliminary Assessment for Walking-Induced Vibrations in Office Environments* by Dr. Linda Hanagan and Taehoo Kim

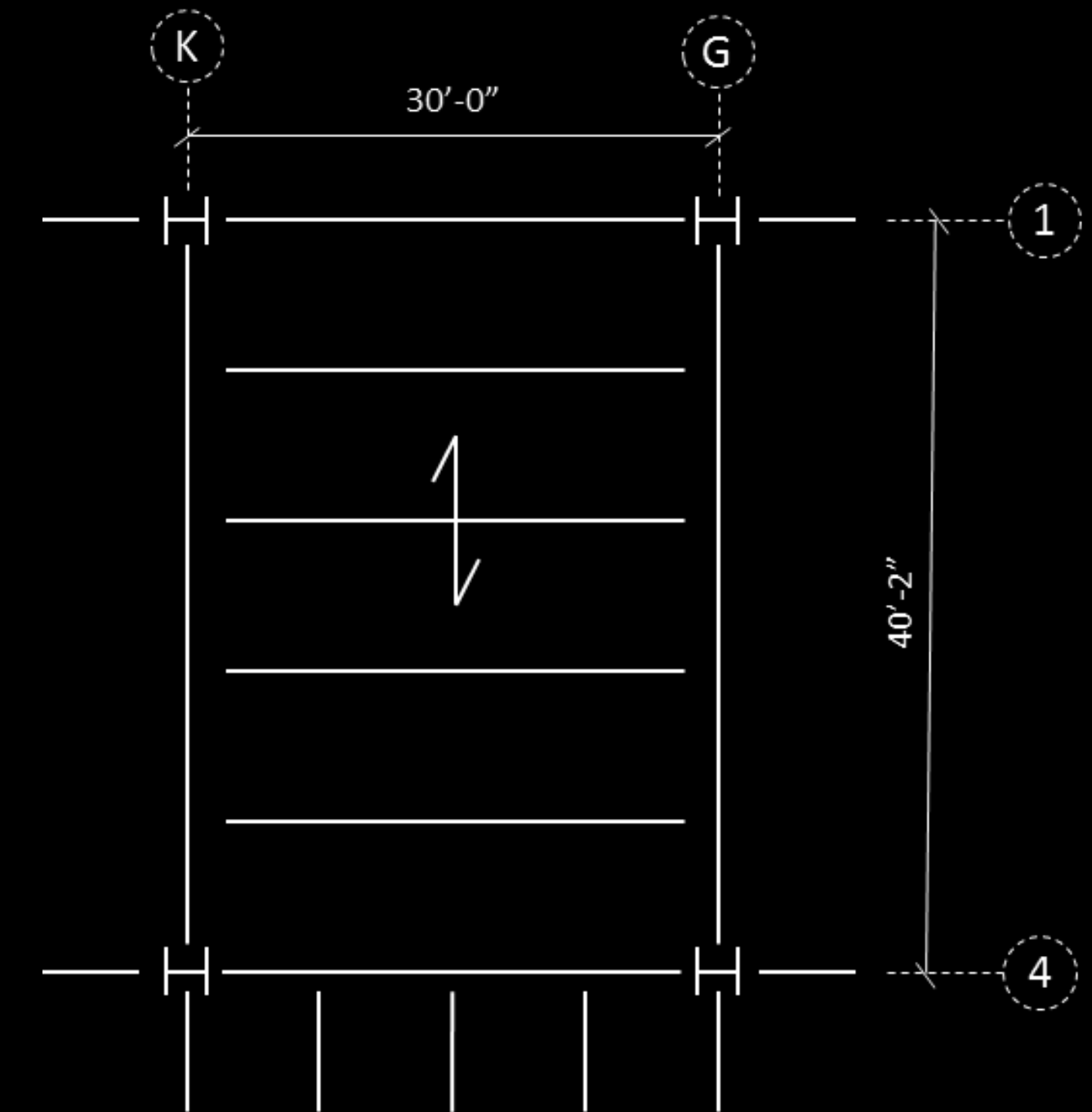
Deck Configuration for Vibration Control	
Concrete Strength	3000 psi
Steel Grade	50
Deck Type	1.5VLR20
Topping (in)	4.25
LW/NW?	LW
Total Slab Thickness (in)	5.75
Class	4
Select C1	0.413
Select C2	0.019
Evaluate C1 + C2	0.432
C1 + C2 < 0.5?	GOOD

La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - **Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout**
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Gravity System Layout

- Which direction to span infill beams?
 - **Short**
 - Long
- Long Direction Selected

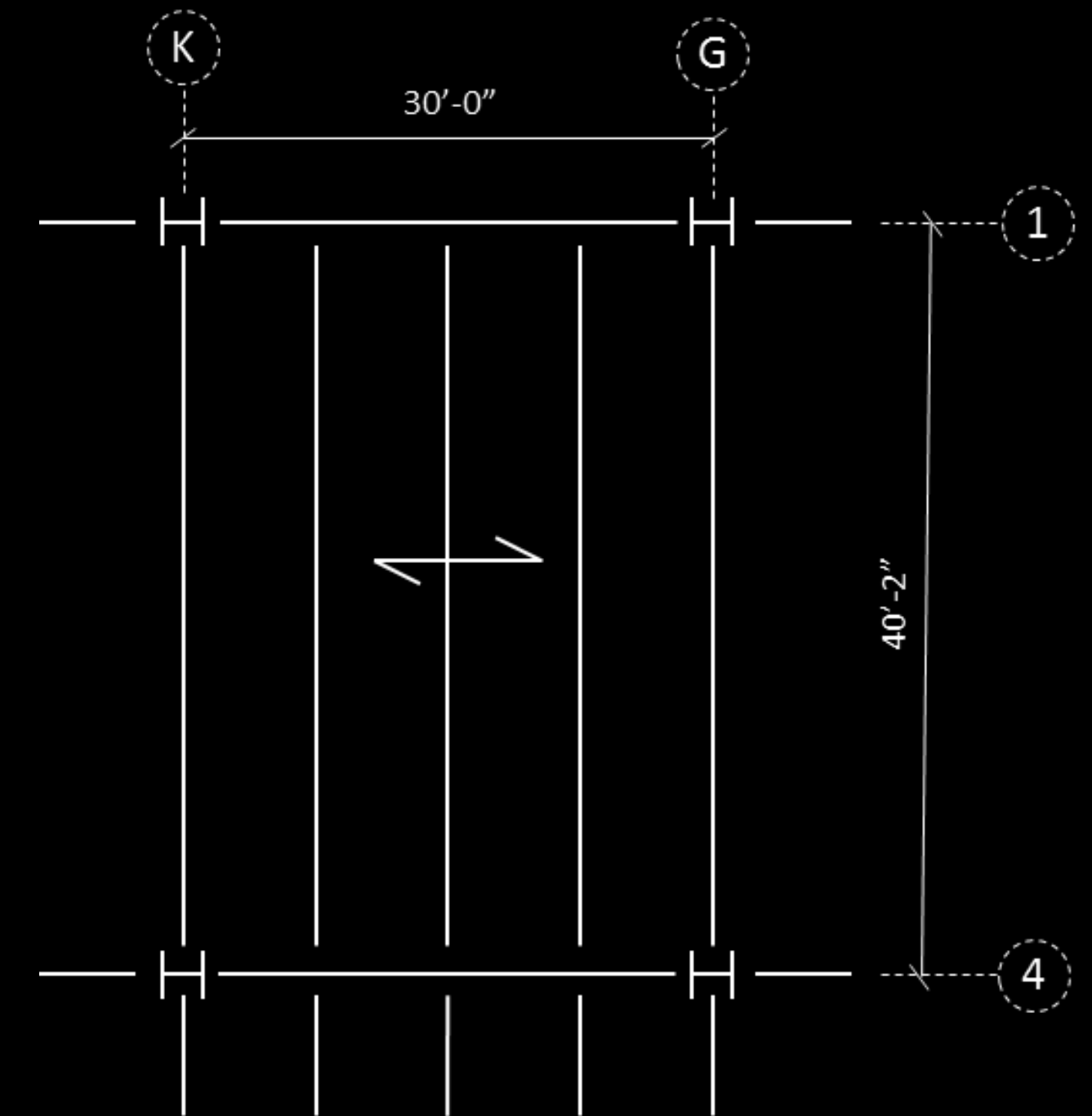


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - **Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout**
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Gravity System Layout

- Which direction to span infill beams?
 - Short
 - **Long**
- Long Direction Selected



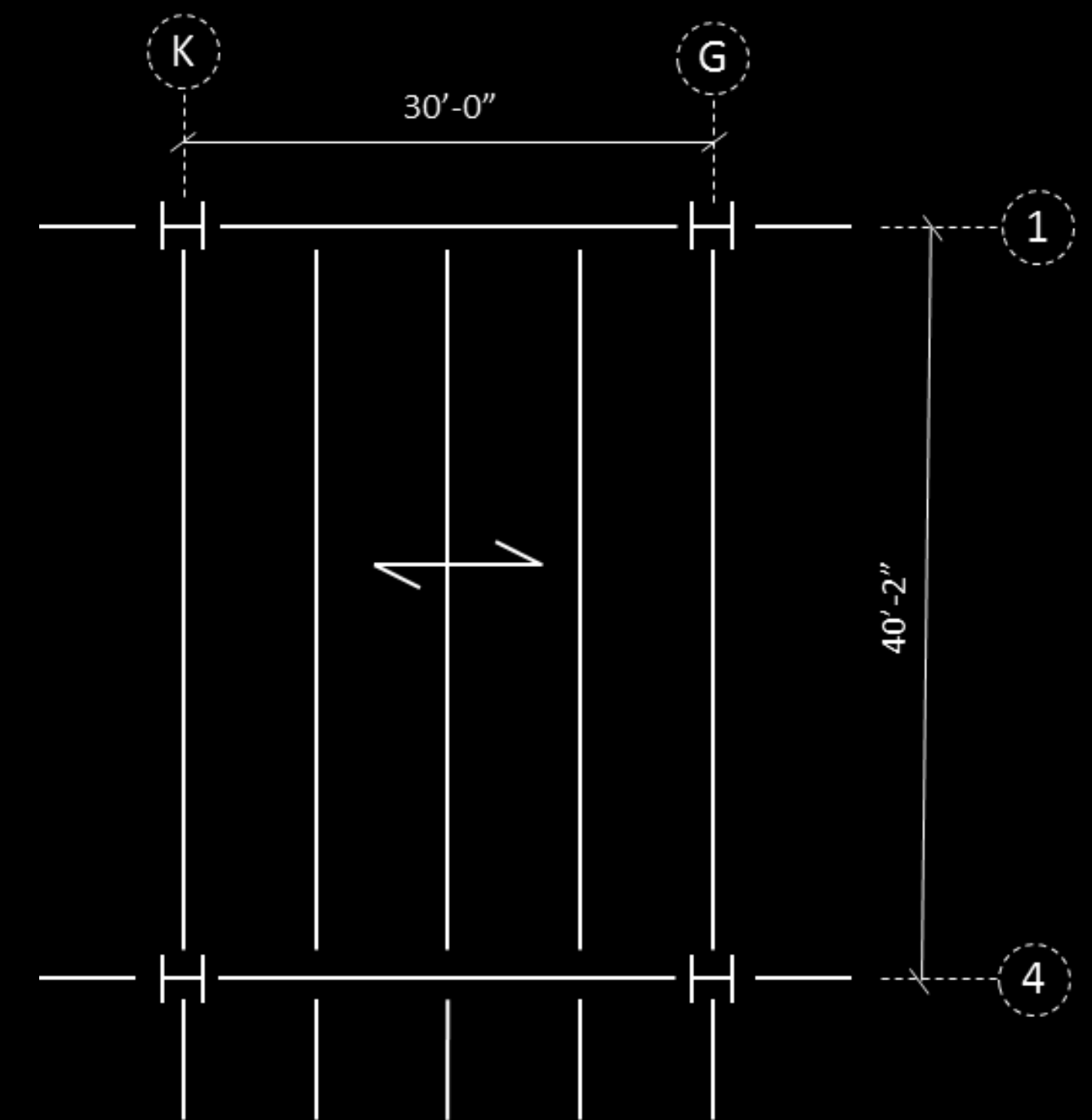
La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - **Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout**
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Gravity System Layout

- Which direction to span infill beams?
 - Short
 - Long
- **Long Direction Selected**

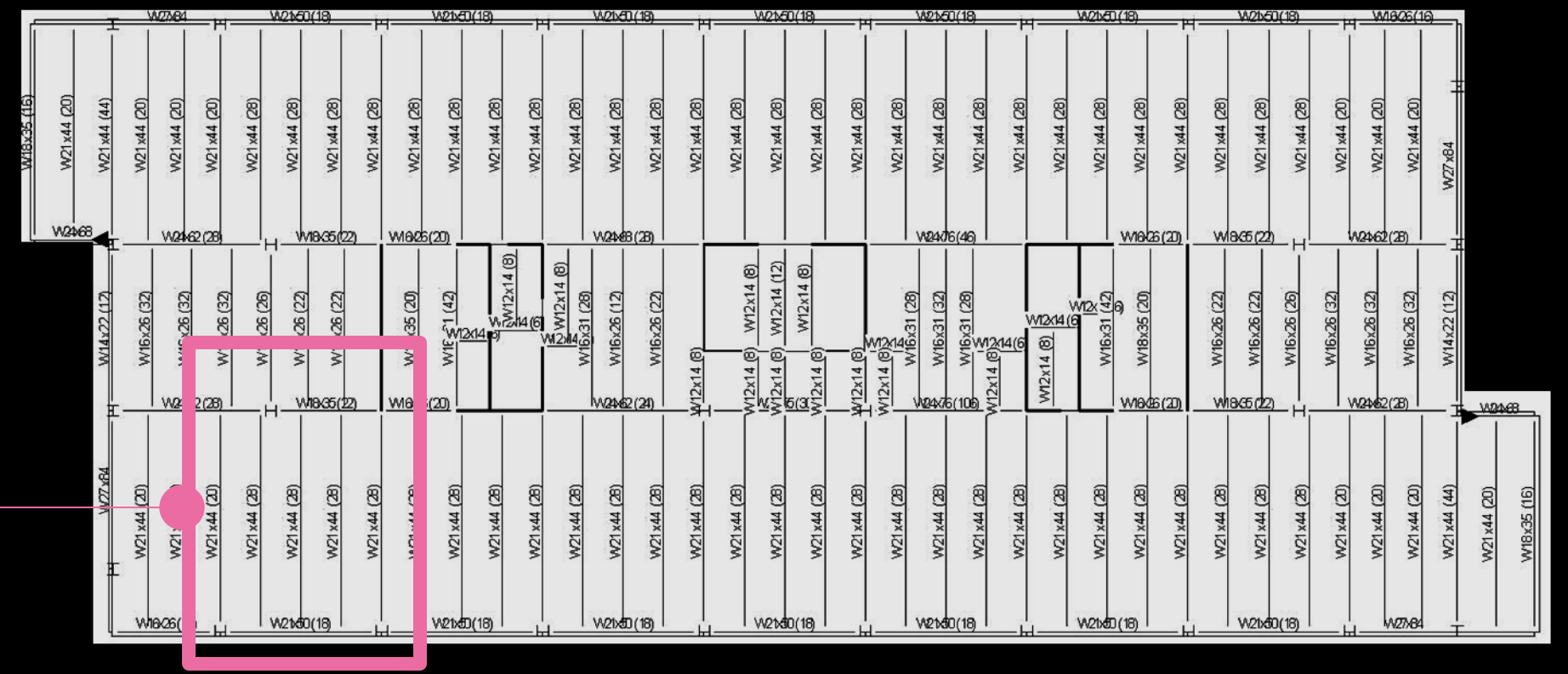
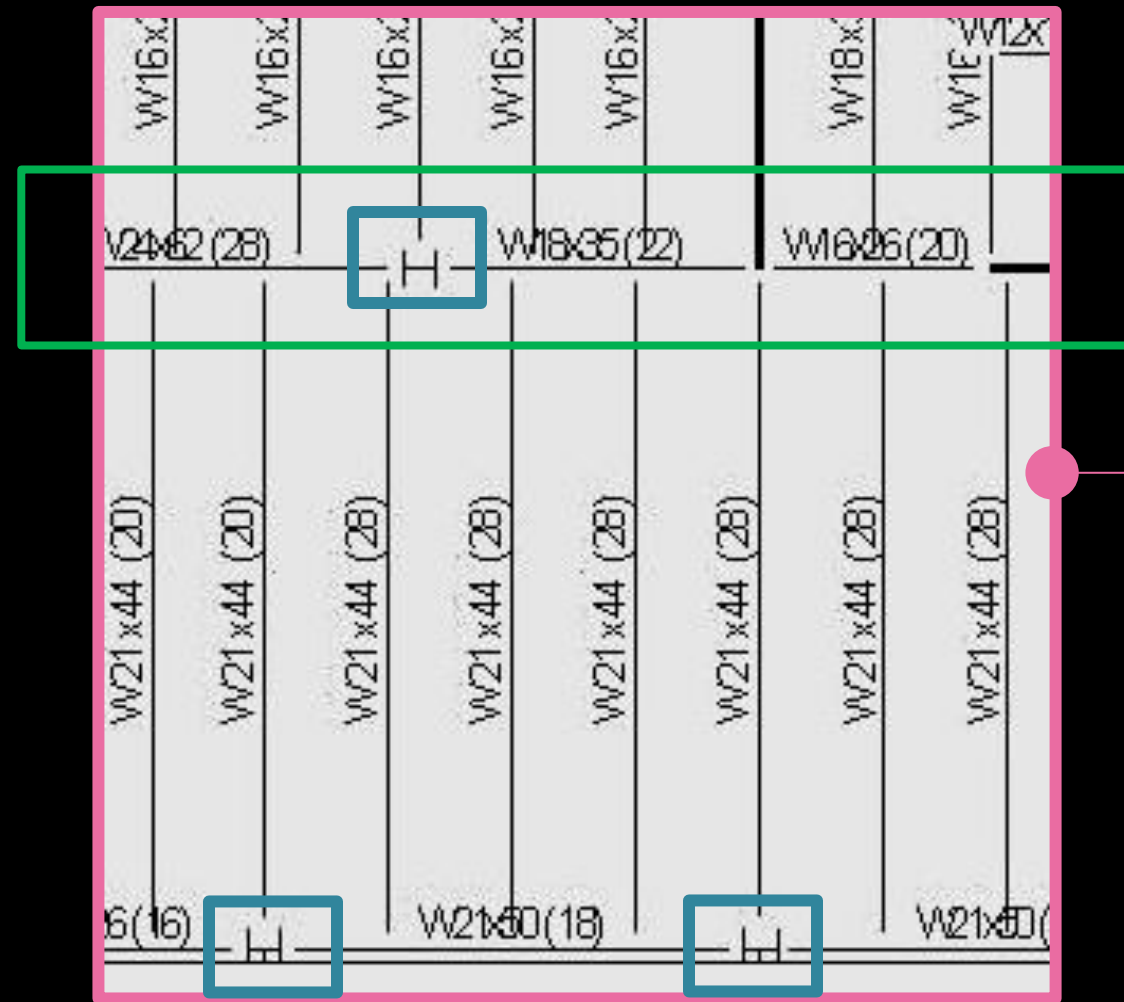
Infill Beam Comparison		
	Steel Weight (lbs)	Number of Members
Long Direction	212936	155
Short Direction	179608	225



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

Gravity System Layout

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions



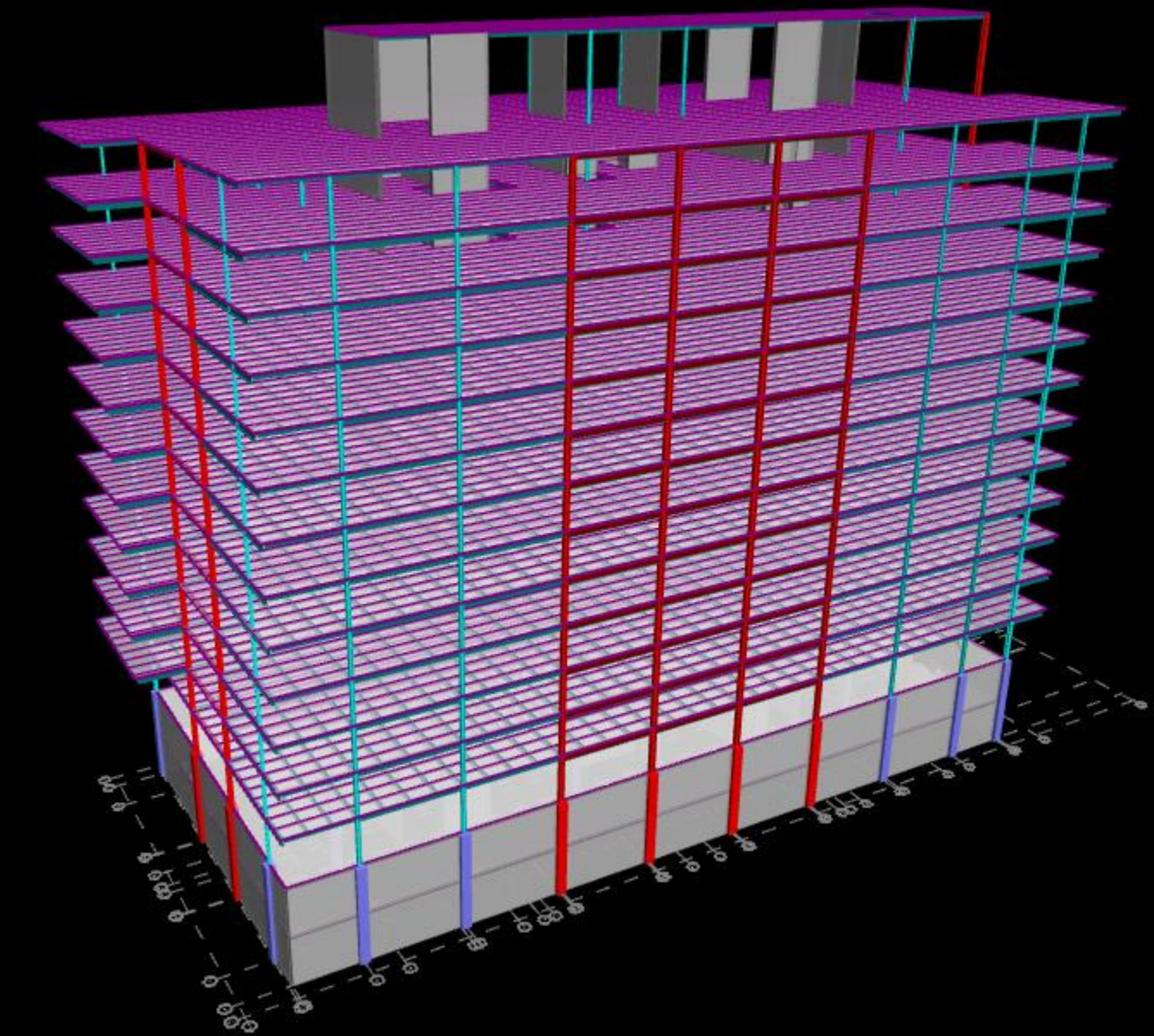
La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - **Beam and Column Designs**
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

RAM Gravity Model

- RAM SS used to develop gravity designs
 - Composite steel beams
 - Steel columns
- Several designs verified by hand calculations

Gravity Loads		
	Dead (PSF)	Live (PSF)
Core	90	250
Lease Space	90	80

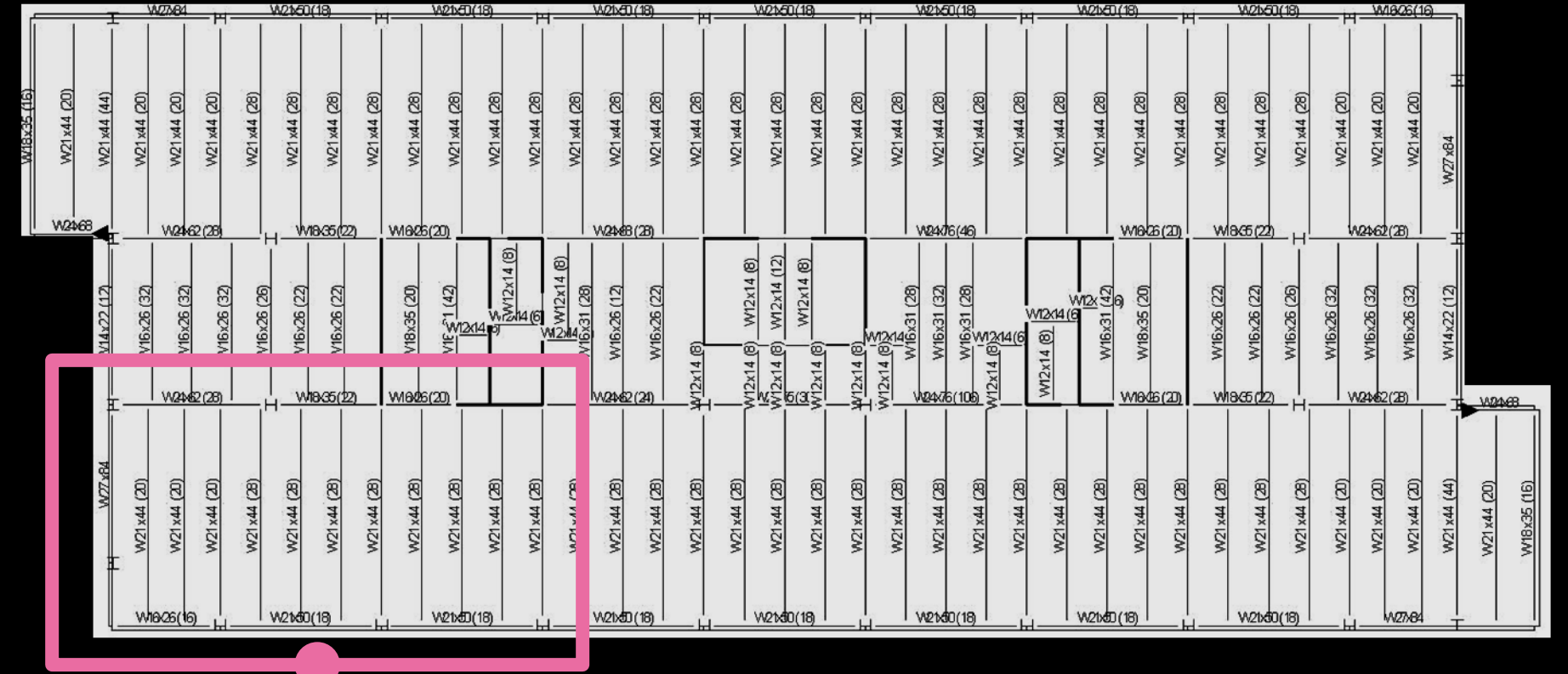
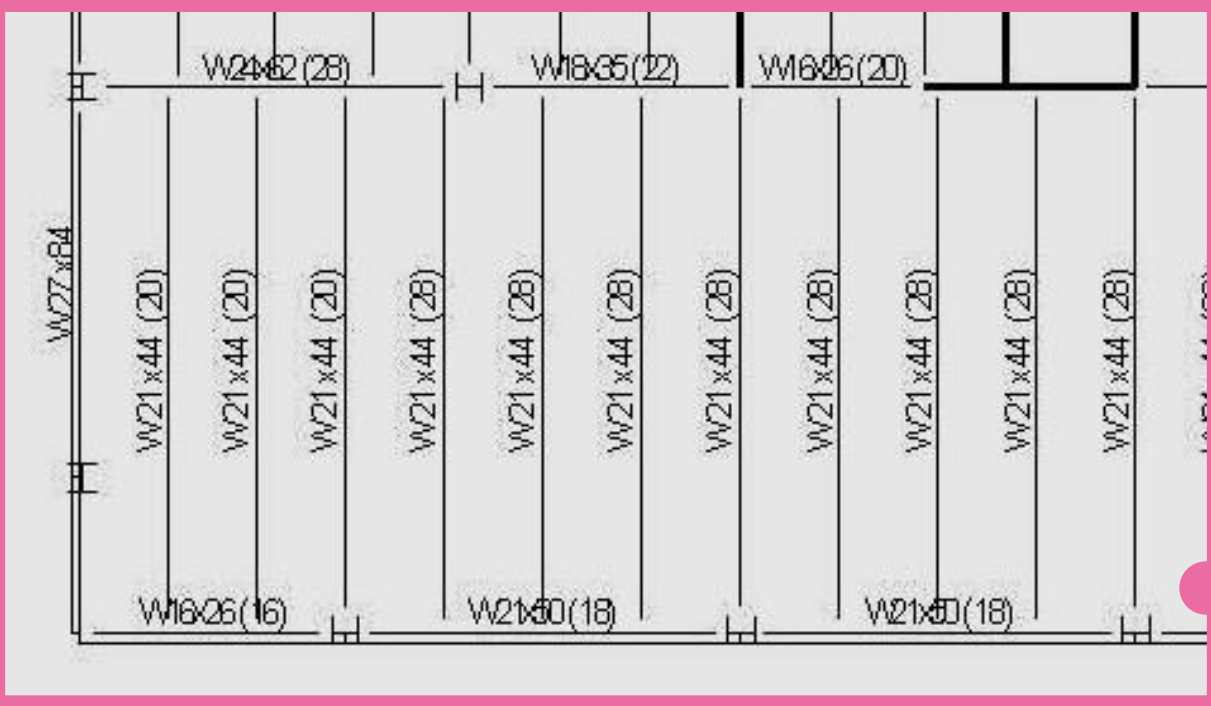


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

Beam Designs

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - **Beam and Column Designs**
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

- Common Member Sizes:
 - W21x44 (28) infill exterior bays
 - W24x62 (32) infill interior bays
 - W21x50 (18) exterior girder

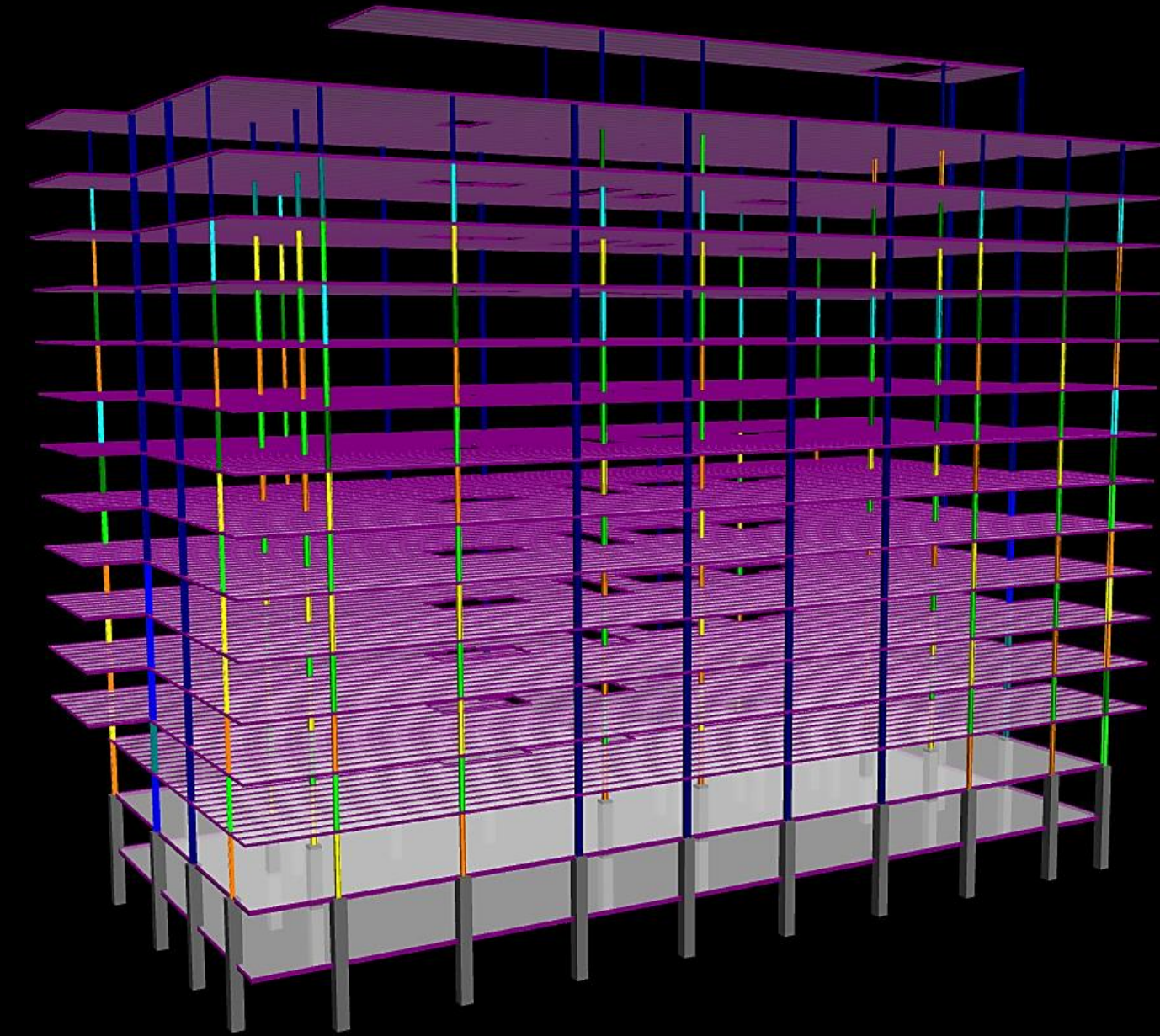


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - **Beam and Column Designs**
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Column Designs

- Spliced every 2 stories
- Each column line has consistent column depth

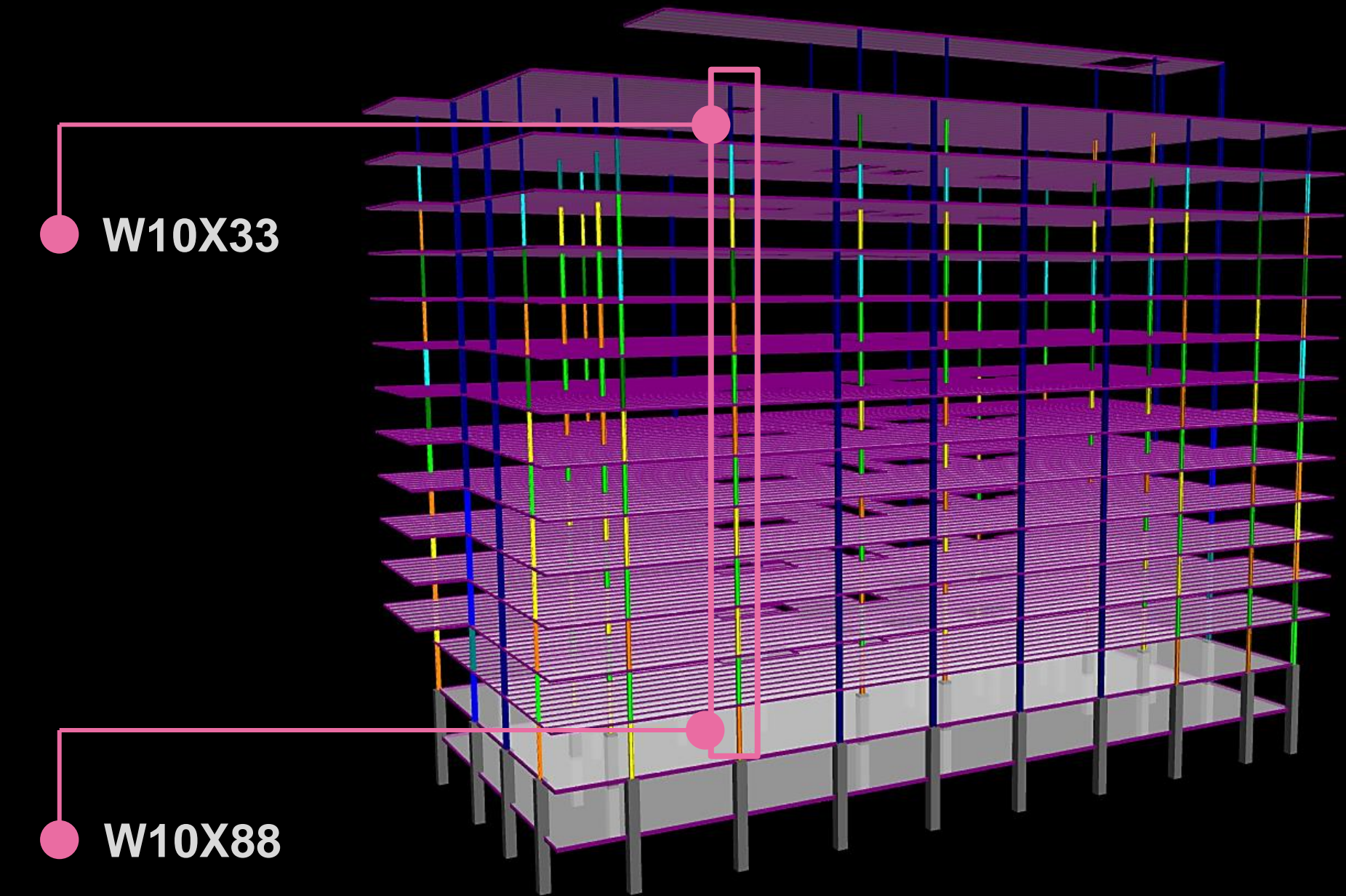


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - **Beam and Column Designs**
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Column Designs

- Spliced every 2 stories
- Each column line has consistent column depth
 - **Exterior Column Line**

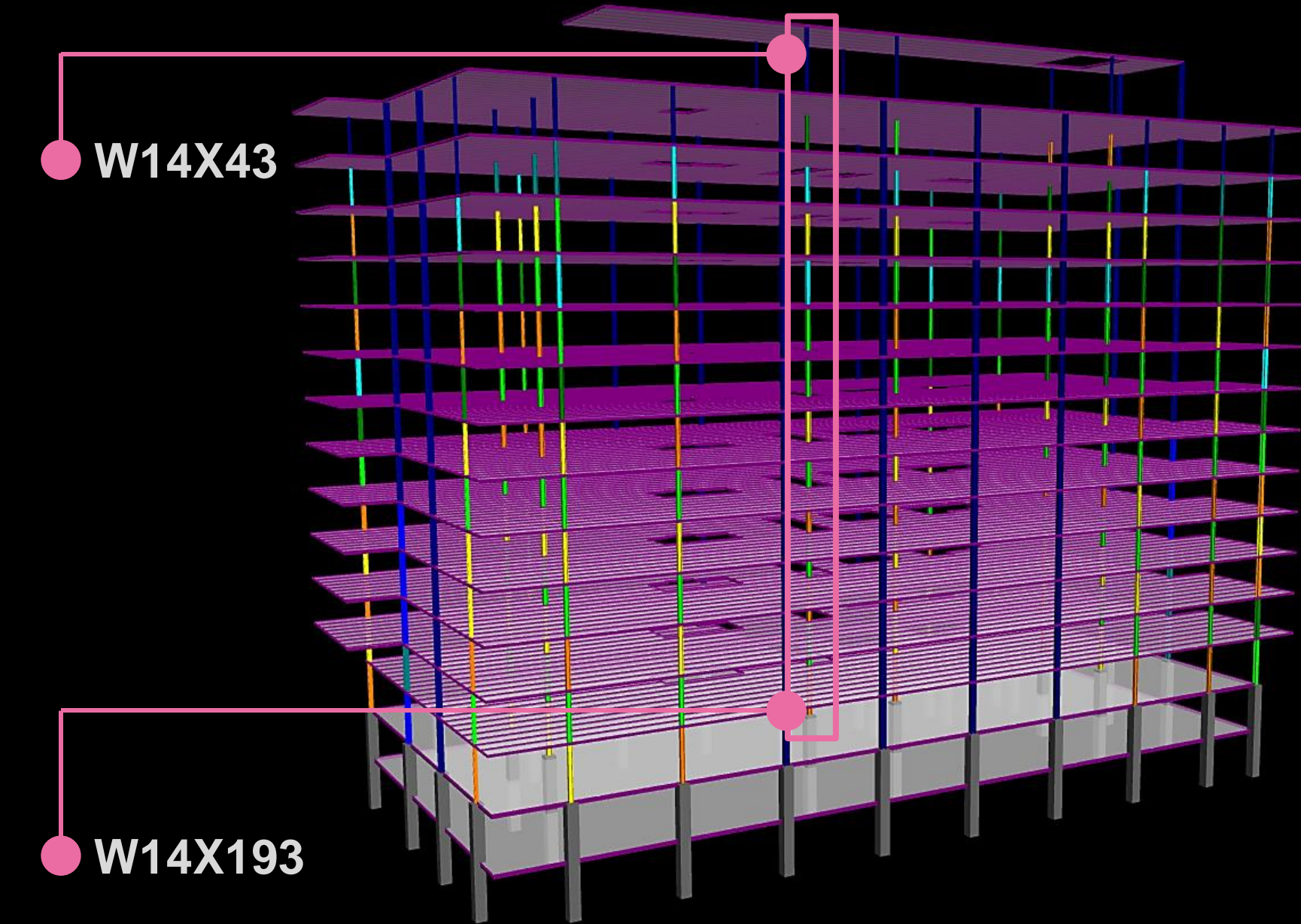


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - **Beam and Column Designs**
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Column Designs

- Spliced every 2 stories
- Each column line has consistent column depth
 - Exterior Column Line
 - **Interior Column Line**



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

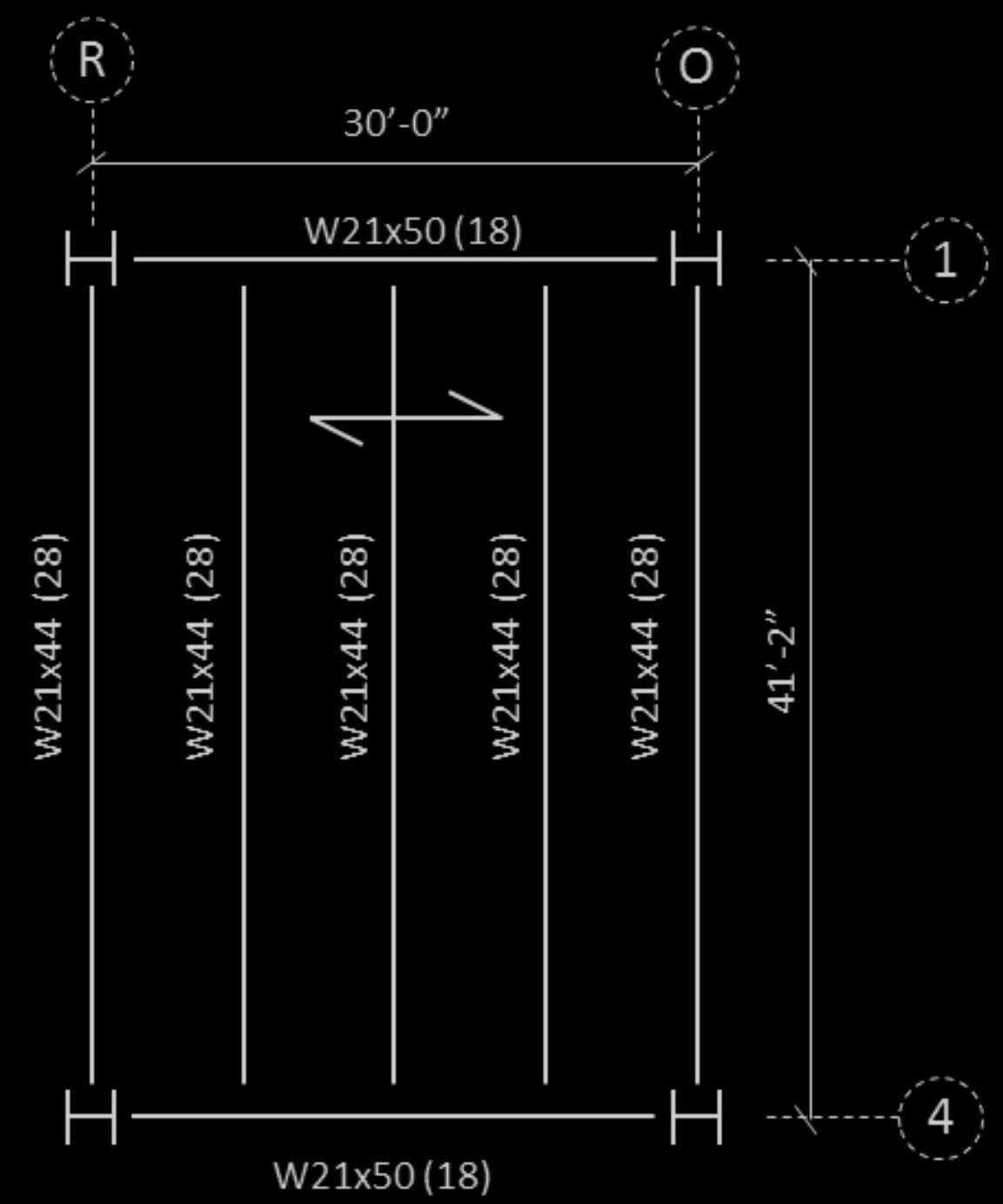
- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- **Gravity Redesign**
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - **Final Vibrations Analysis**
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Final Vibrations Analysis

- AISC *Design Guide 11* analysis on a typical bay for walking induced vibrations
- Determine combined panel weight and natural frequency to determine bay peak acceleration

- $P_0 = 65 \text{ lb}$
 - $\beta = 0.03$
 - $a_0/g < 0.5\%$
- From AISC DG 11 – Table 4.1

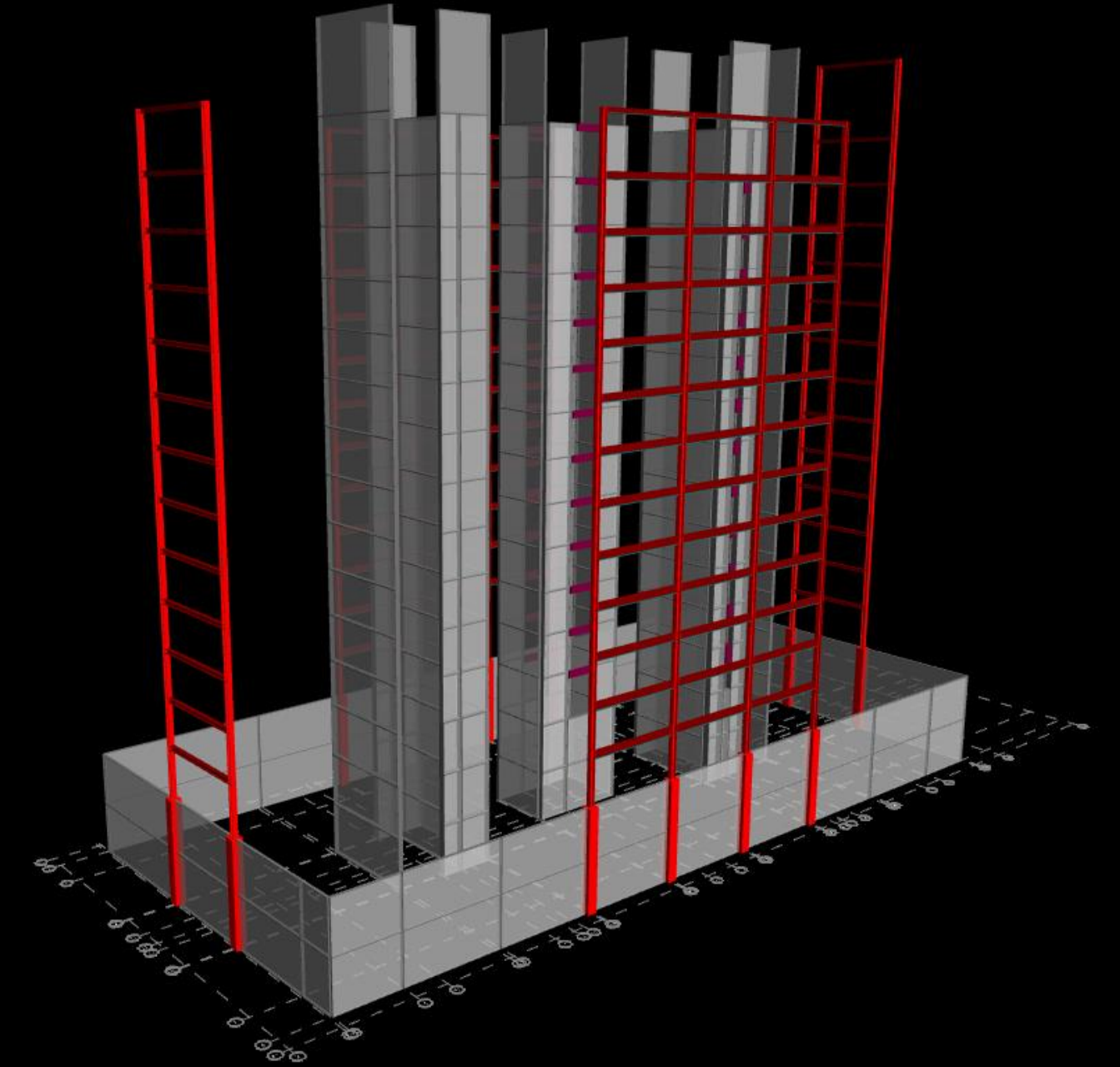
$$\frac{a_0}{g} \geq \frac{a_p}{g} \rightarrow 0.5\% \geq 0.38\% \quad \checkmark$$



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Lateral Redesign



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Lateral System

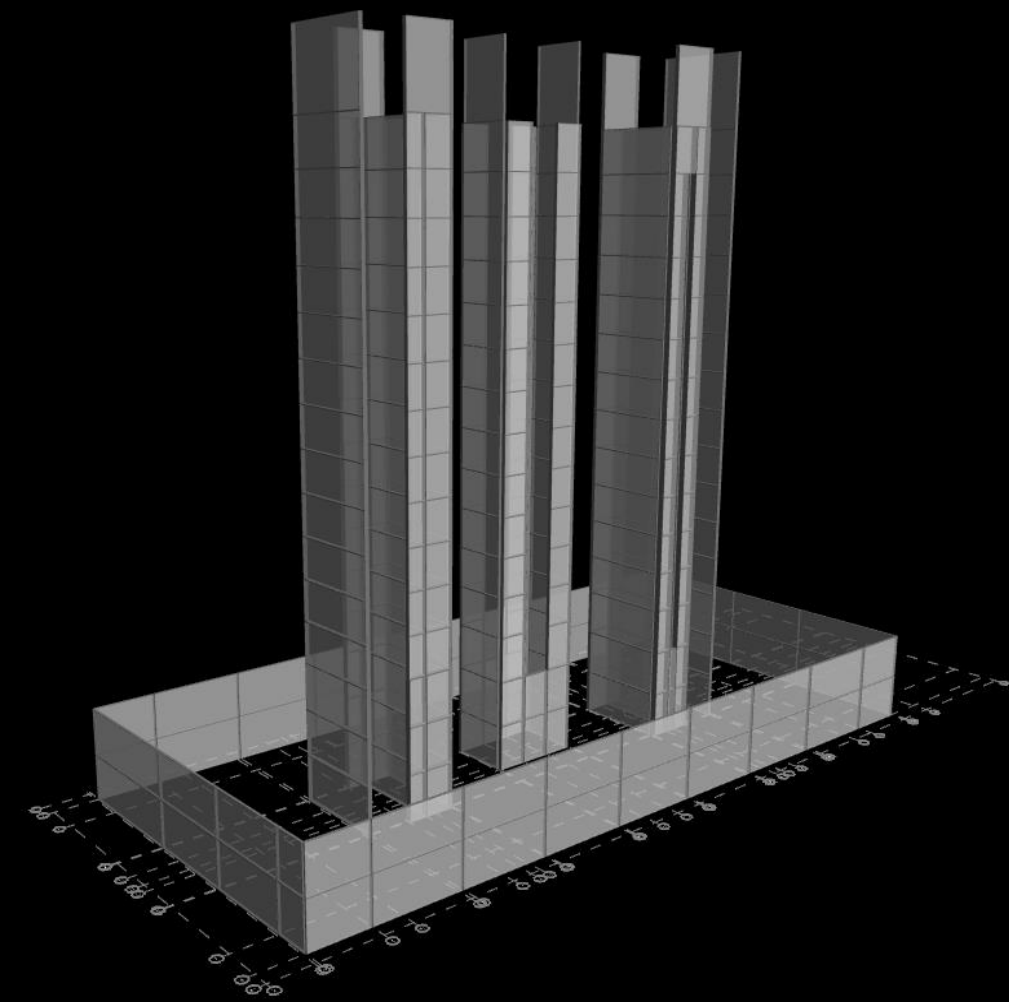
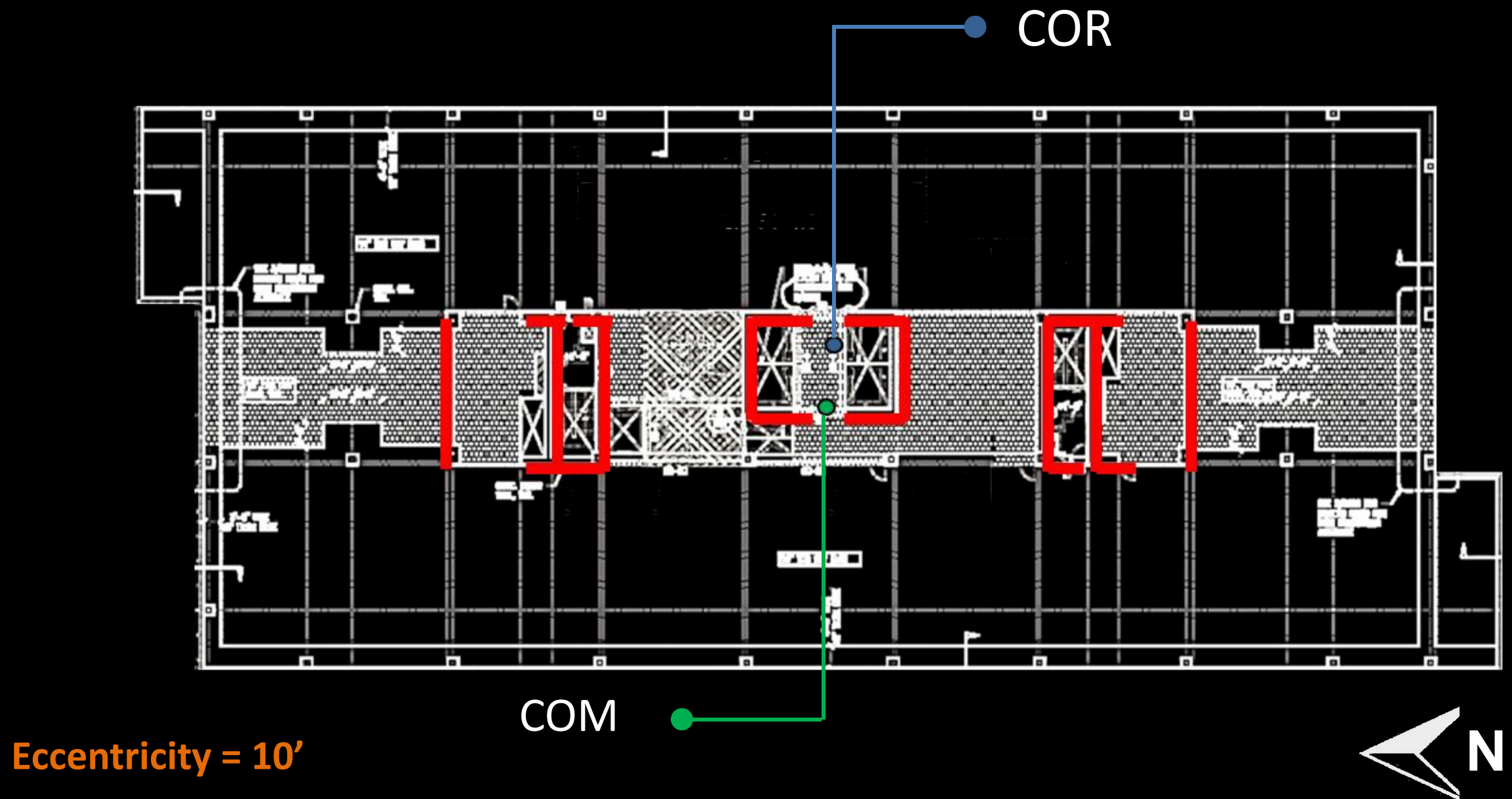
- Reduced building weight
→ Seismic loads decreased
- Building height unchanged
→ Wind loads unchanged
- **Seismic controls**

Base Shear (Kip)				
	Wind N-S	Wind E-W	Seismic N-S	Seismic E-W
Concrete	583	1615	7698	7698
Steel	583	1615	4935	4408

La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - **Layout**
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

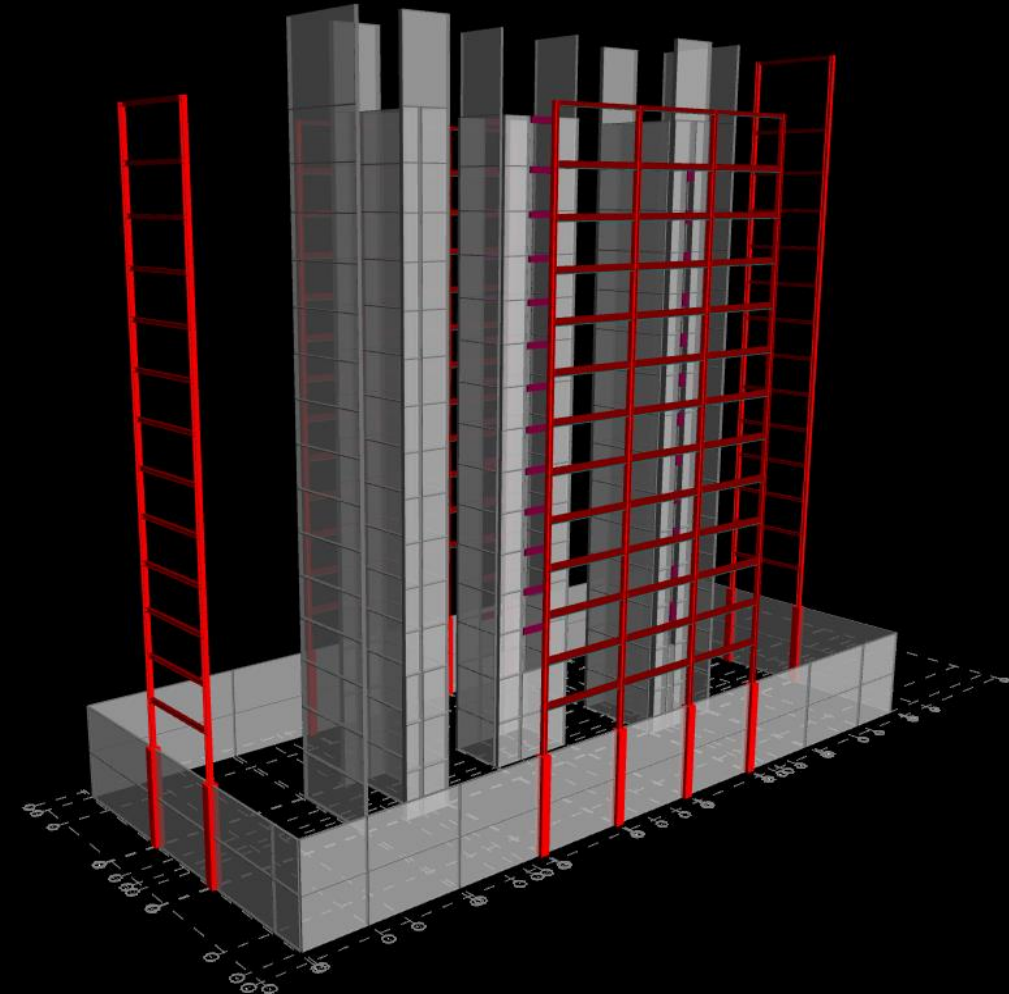
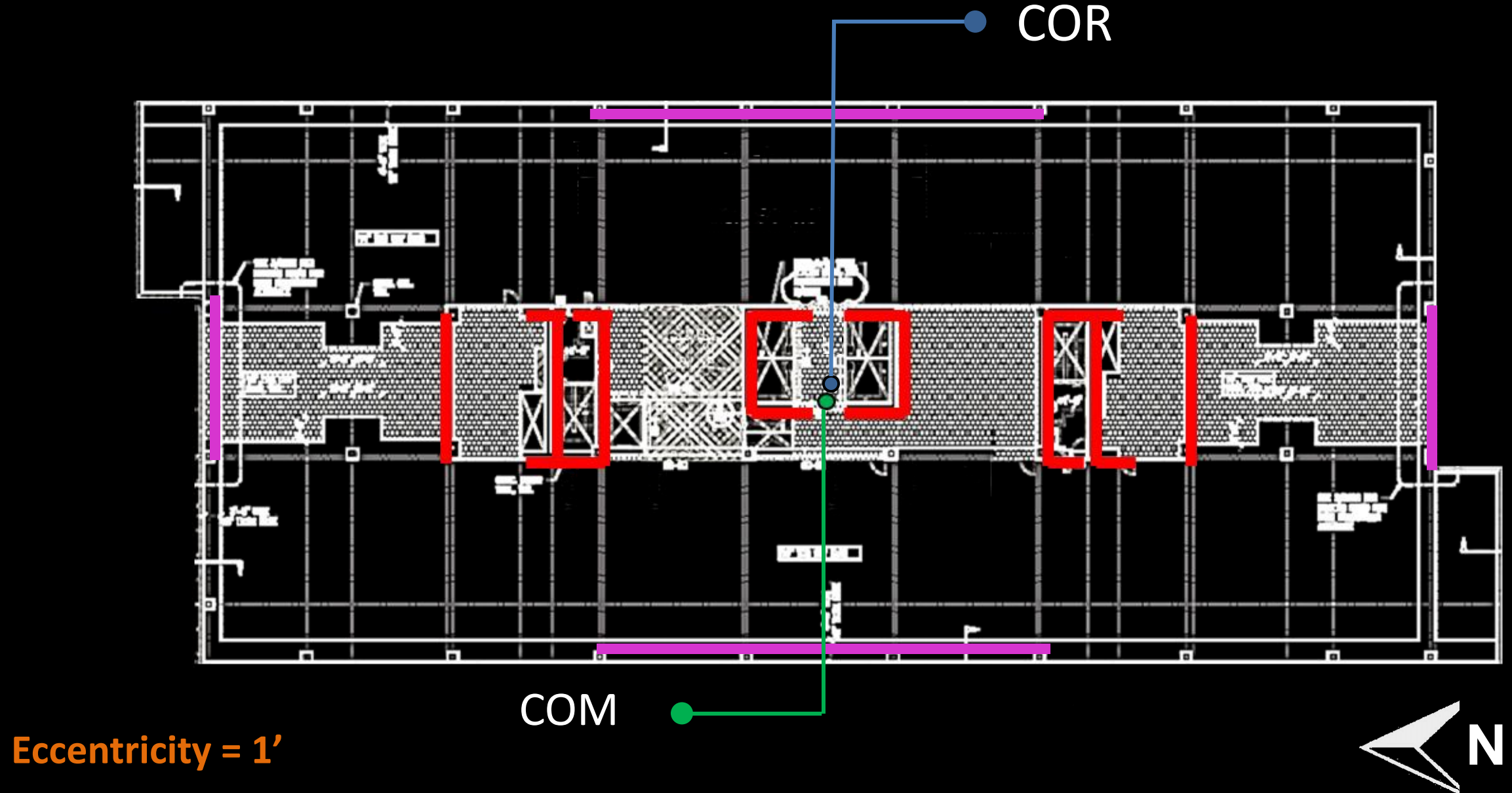
Existing Lateral System Layout



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - **Layout**
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

New Lateral System Layout

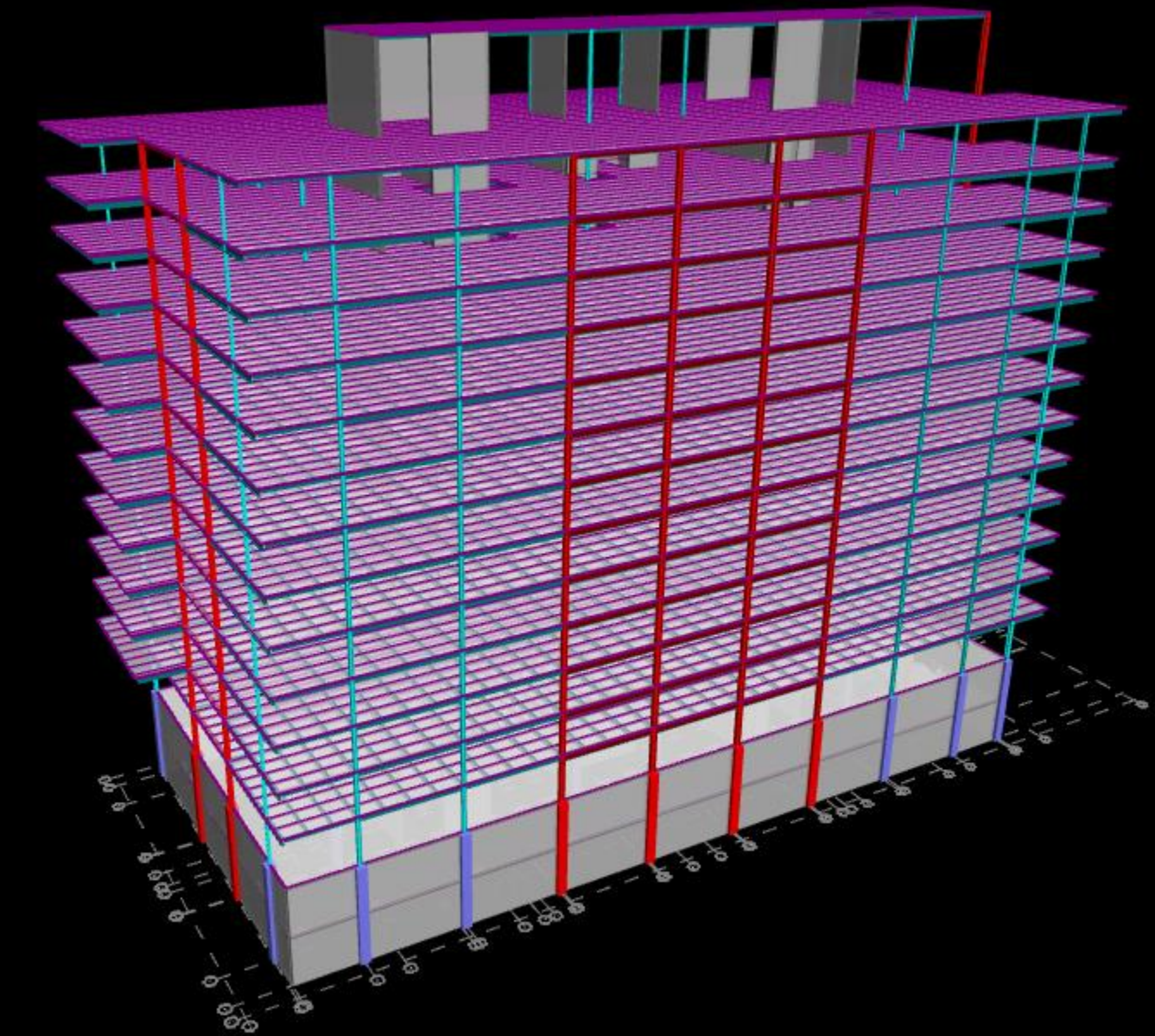


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - **Layout**
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

RAM Model

- Rigid diaphragms
- Wall shell elements neglect out of plane stiffness
- Stiffness reduction based on ACI 318-11
- Panel zone deformations considered
- Base constraints

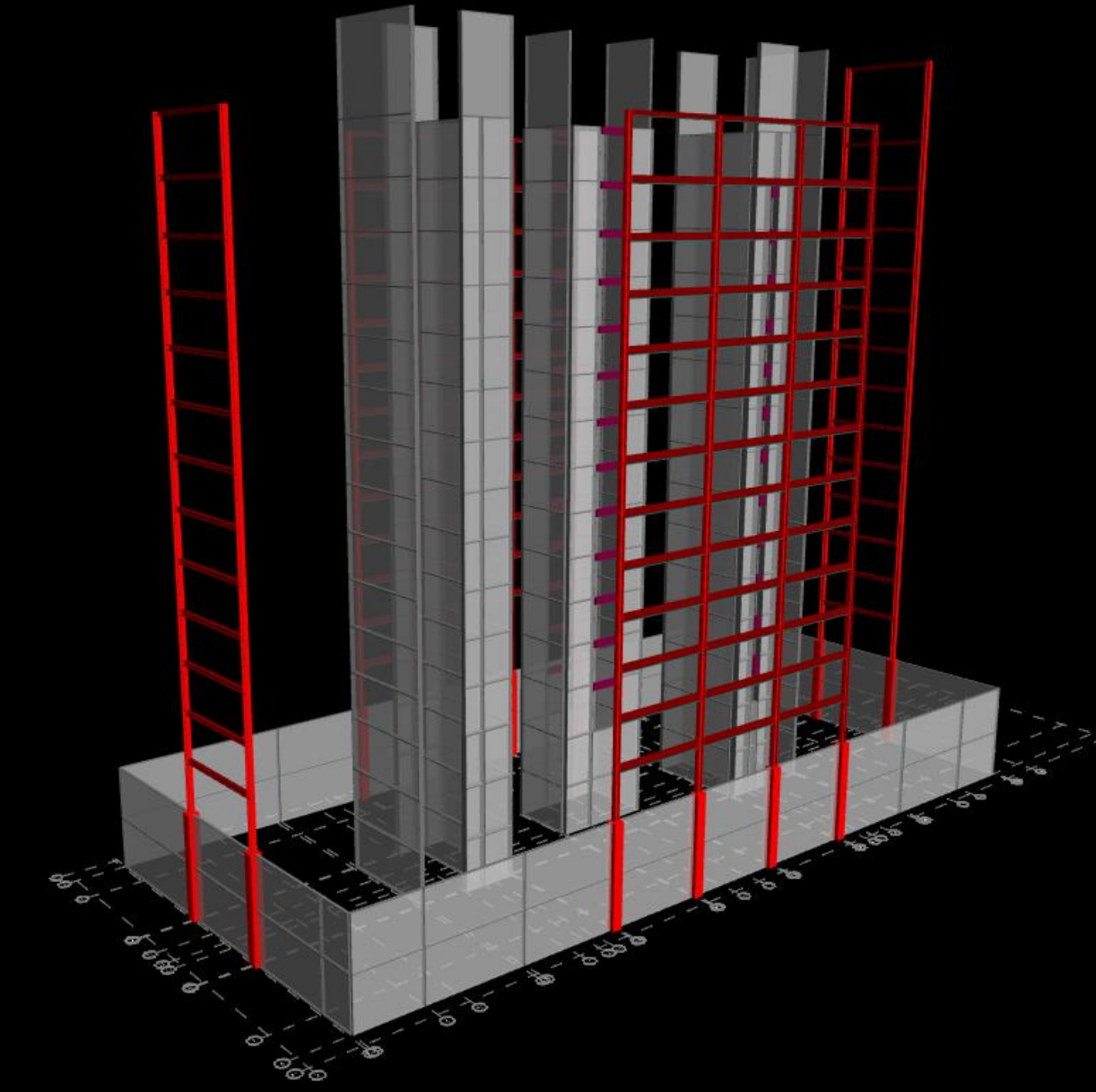


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - Layout
 - **Moment Frames**
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Special Moment Frames

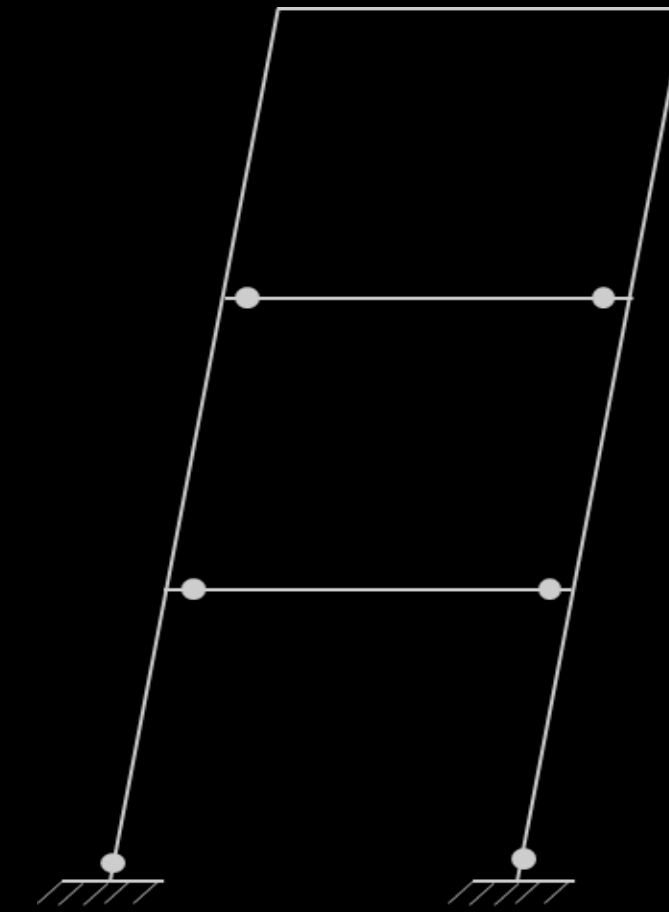
- Special moment frames required by ASCE 7-10
 - SDC D
 - $198' > 65'$
- Designed to be “clean column”
 - Strong panel zone
- Strength and joint optimizations for seismic



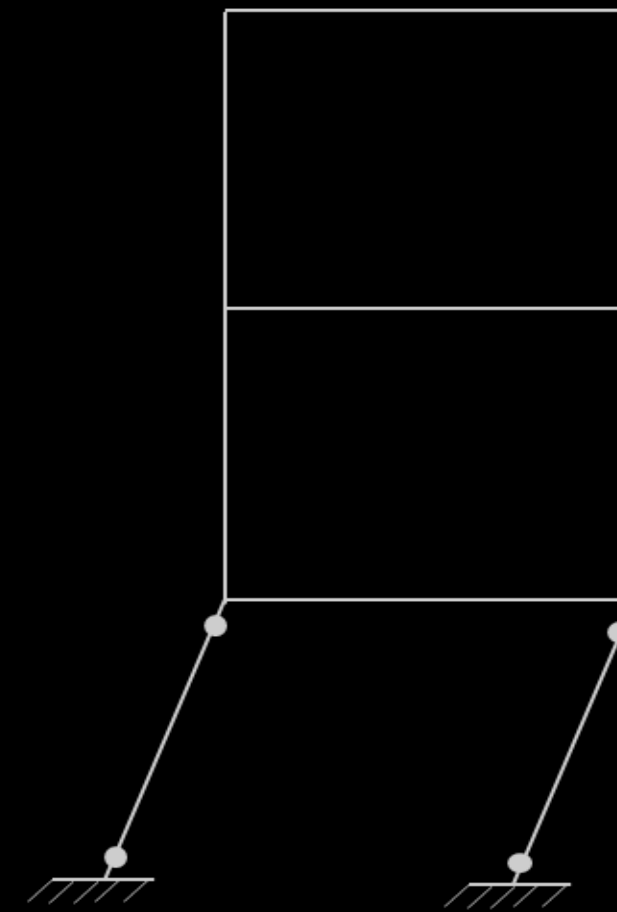
La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - Layout
 - **Moment Frames**
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

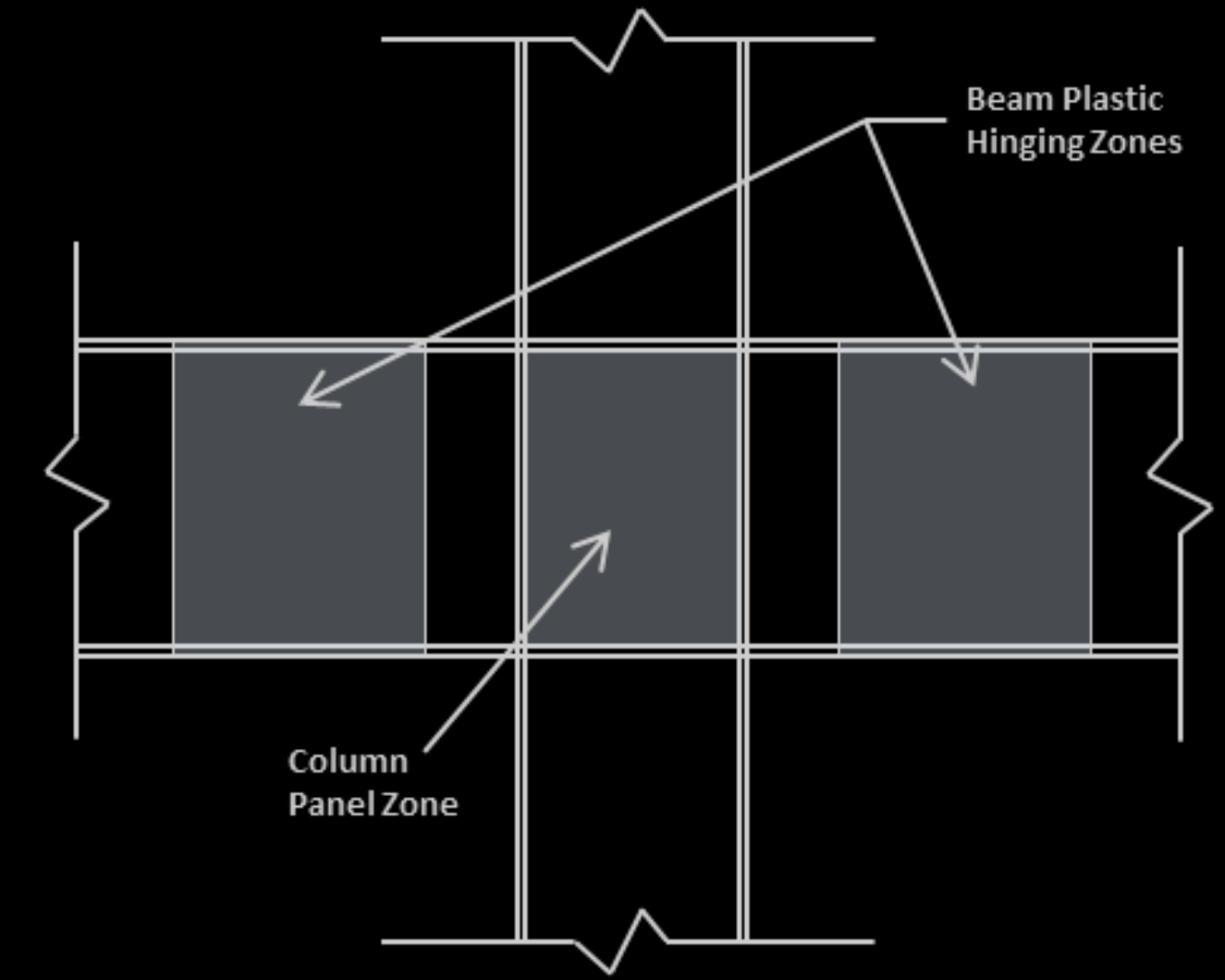
$$\frac{\sum M_{pc}^*}{\sum M_{pb}^*} > 1.0 \text{ (Provisions Eq.E3)}$$



Strong Column Weak Beam



Story Mechanism



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - Layout
 - **Moment Frames**
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

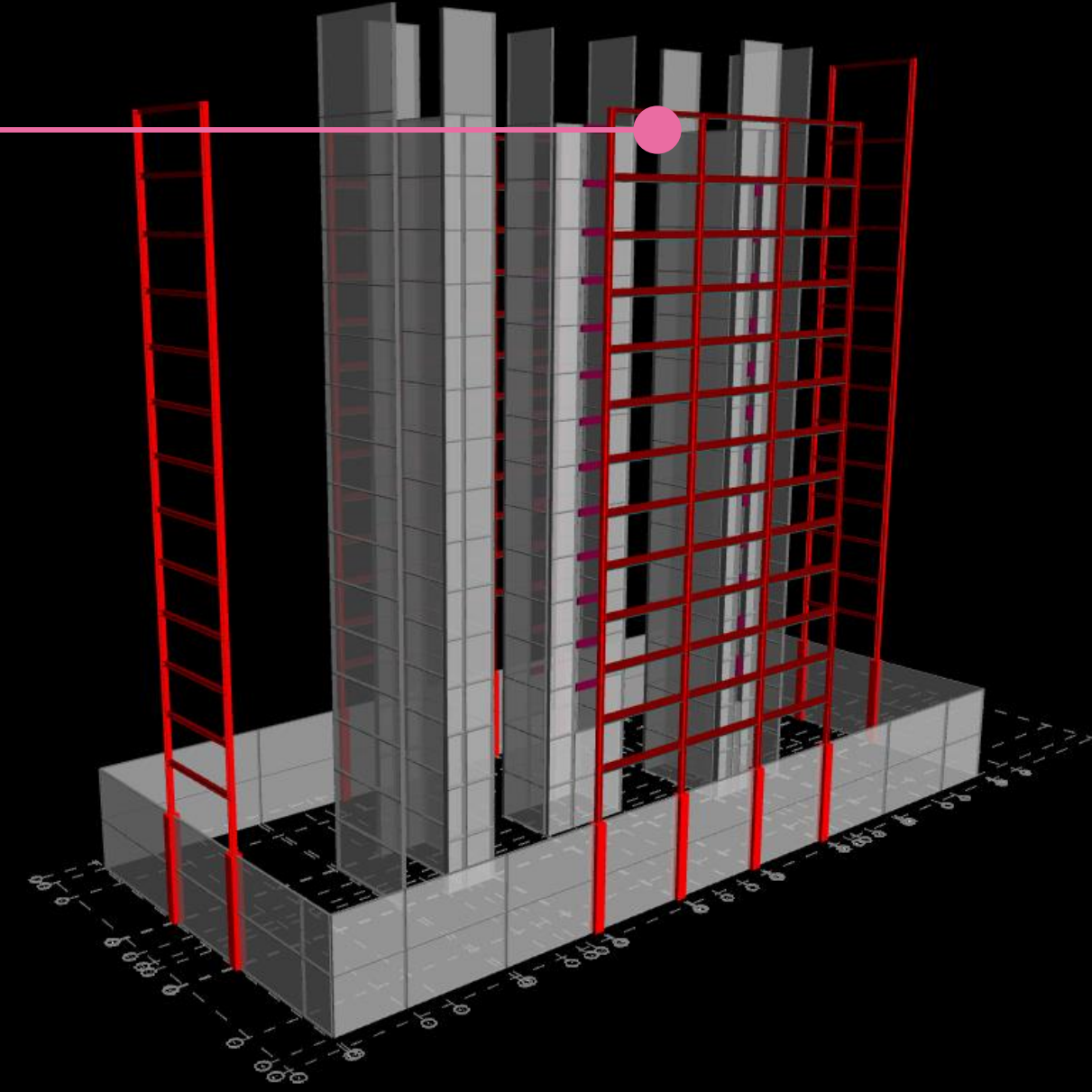
Special Moment Frames

W14X370	W24X207	W24X250	W24X207	W14X342
W14X370	W24X207	W24X250	W24X207	W14X500
W14X370	W24X229	W24X250	W24X229	W14X500
W14X370	W24X229	W24X250	W24X229	W14X370

Levels 3-5

FRAME 1

(R-6)	(R-6)	(R-6)	(R-6)
30'-0"	30'-0"	30'-0"	30'-0"
W16X77	W16X77	W16X77	W16X77
W24X131	W24X131	W24X131	W24X131
W24X146	W24X176	W24X146	W24X146
W24X162	W24X207	W24X162	W24X162
W24X192	W24X229	W24X192	W24X192
W24X192	W24X250	W24X192	W24X192
W24X207	W24X250	W24X207	W24X207
W24X207	W24X250	W24X207	W24X207
W24X207	W24X250	W24X207	W24X207
W24X207	W24X250	W24X207	W24X207
W24X229	W24X250	W24X229	W24X229
W24X229	W24X250	W24X229	W24X229
W24X229	W24X250	W24X229	W24X229

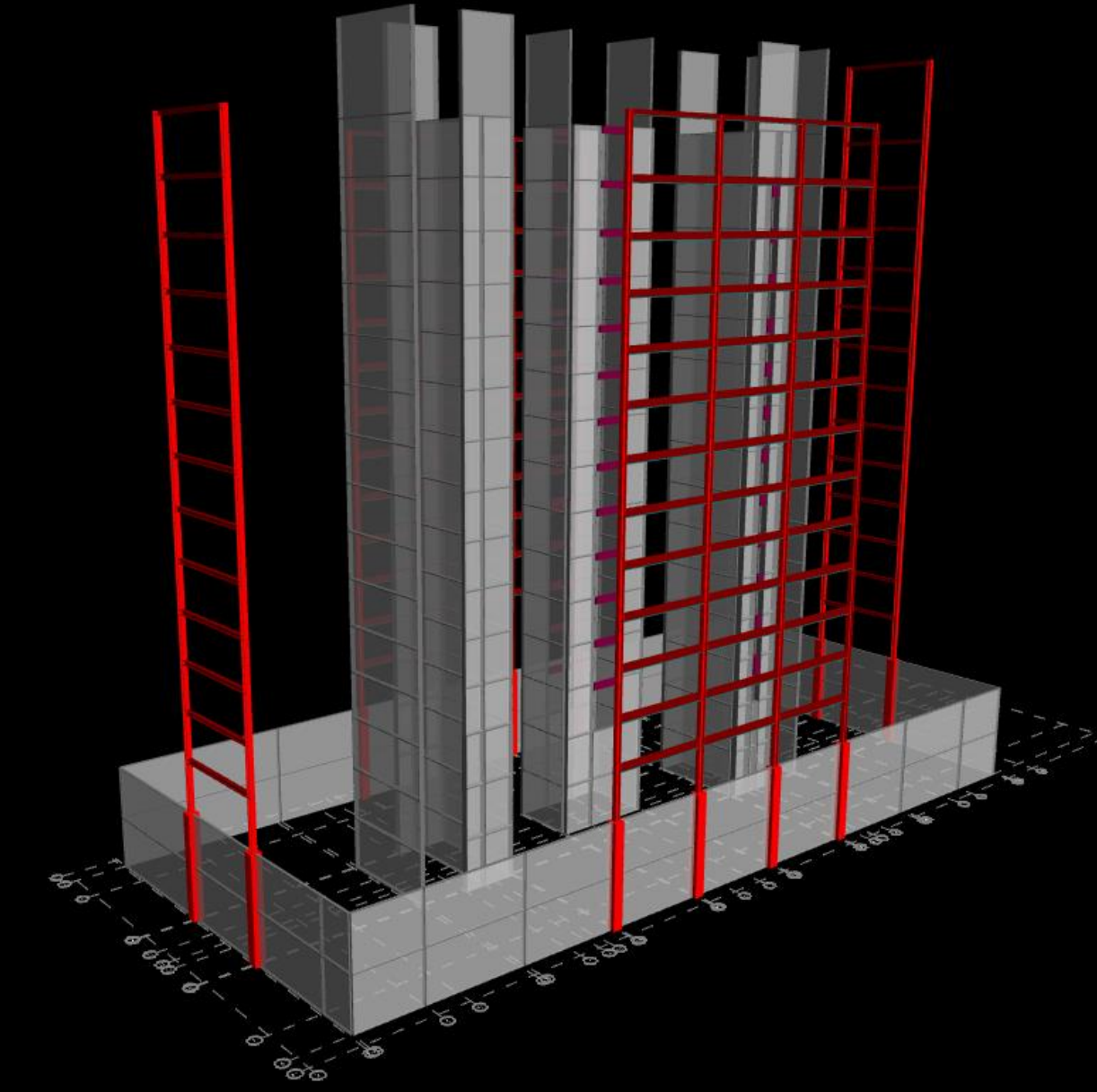


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - **Shear Walls**
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Special Concrete Shear Walls

- Thickness not reduced to control drift
- Reinforcing redesigned for reduced loads
 - According to ACI 318-11 Ch. 21

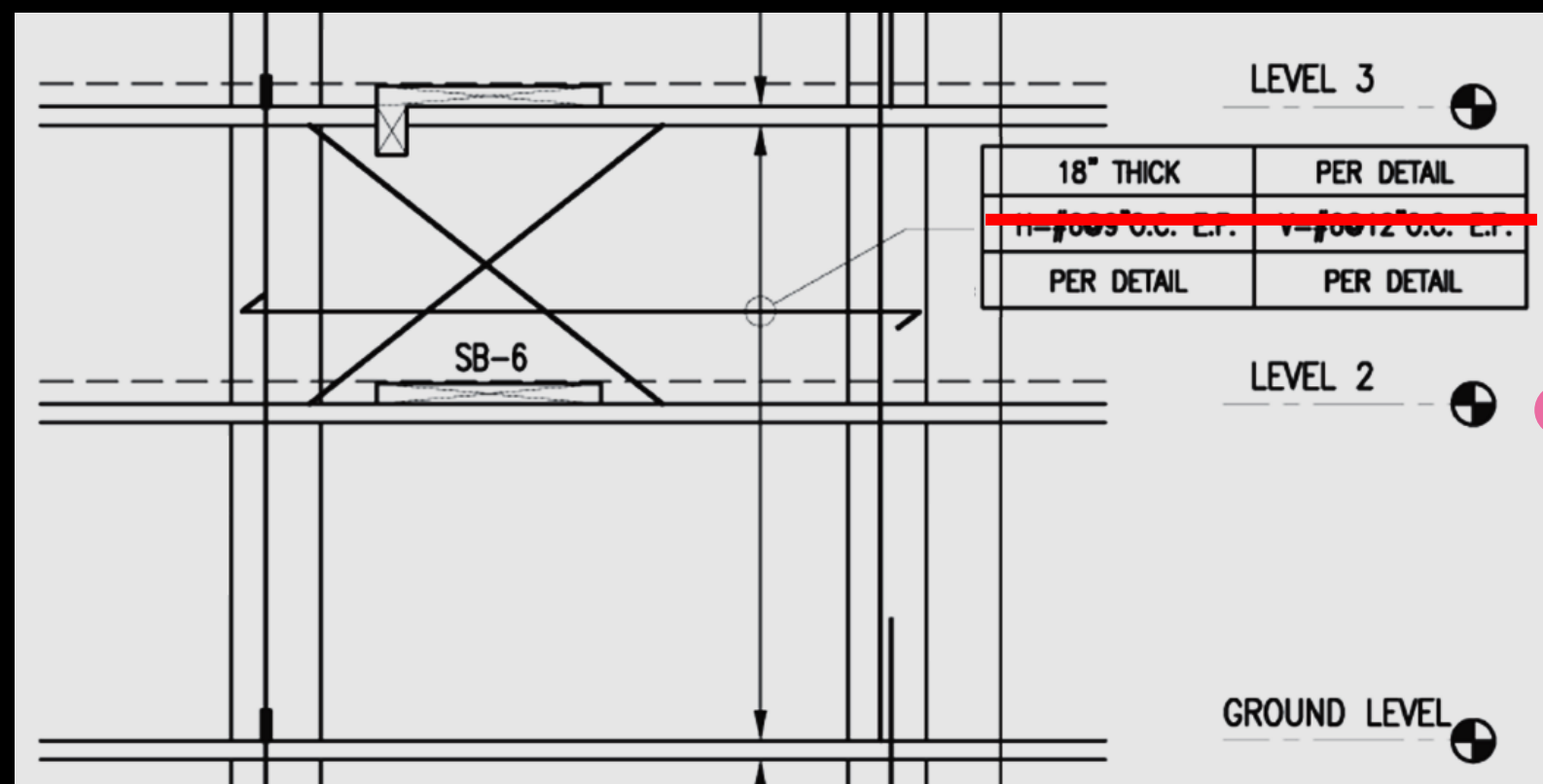


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

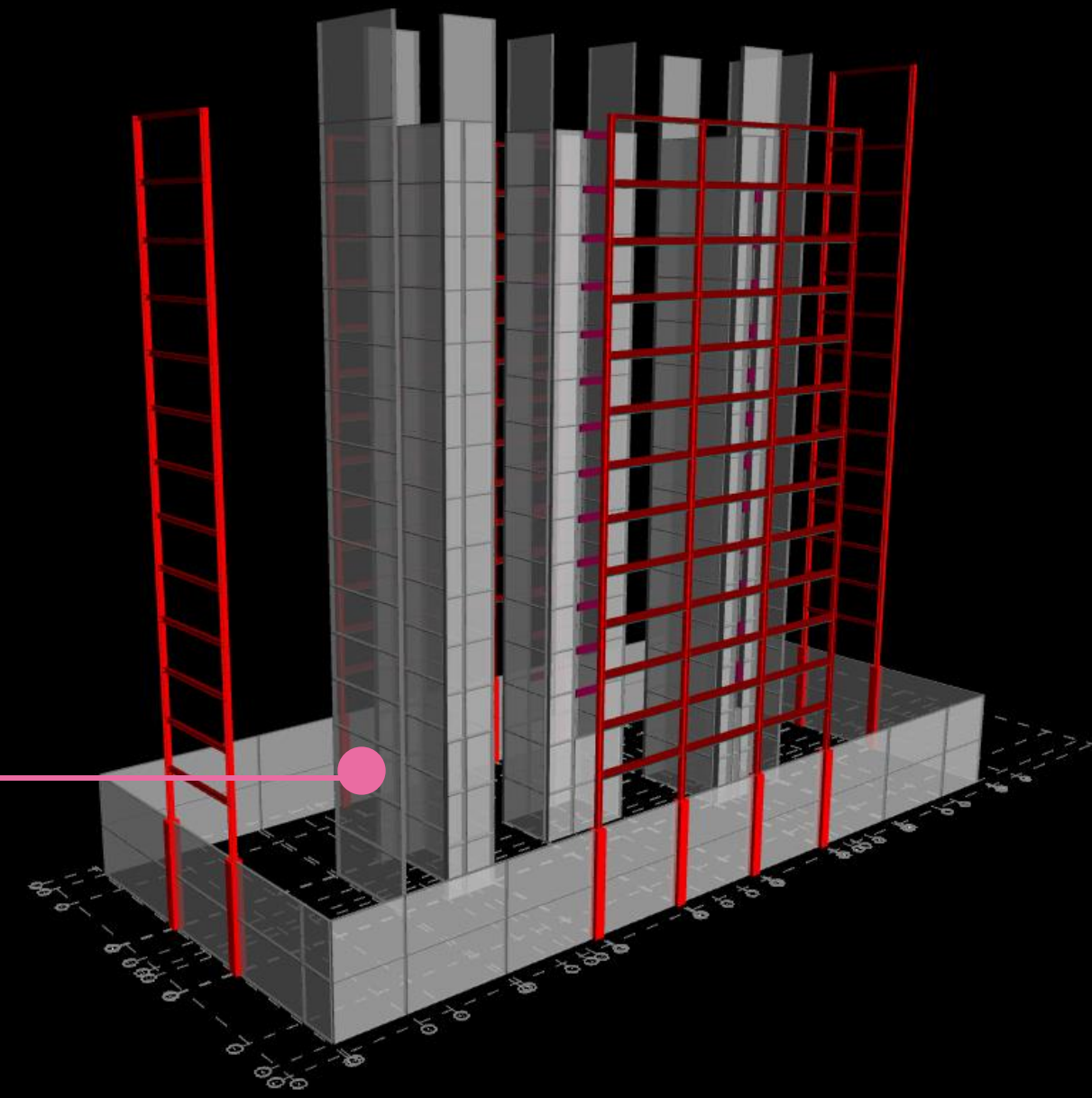
- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- **Lateral Redesign**
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - **Shear Walls**
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Special Concrete Shear Walls

- Shear Wall U Level 2– Reinforcing redesign
 - 7000 PSI NW Concrete, 18" Thick



H = #6 @ 9" O.C.
V = #6 @ 9" O.C.
One curtain only



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- **Architecture Breadth**
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Architecture Breadth



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- **Architecture Breadth**
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Floor-to-Ceiling Height

- Building height limited to 198'-8" by FAA
- Steel creates a deeper structural system than concrete
- Loss of floor-to-ceiling space

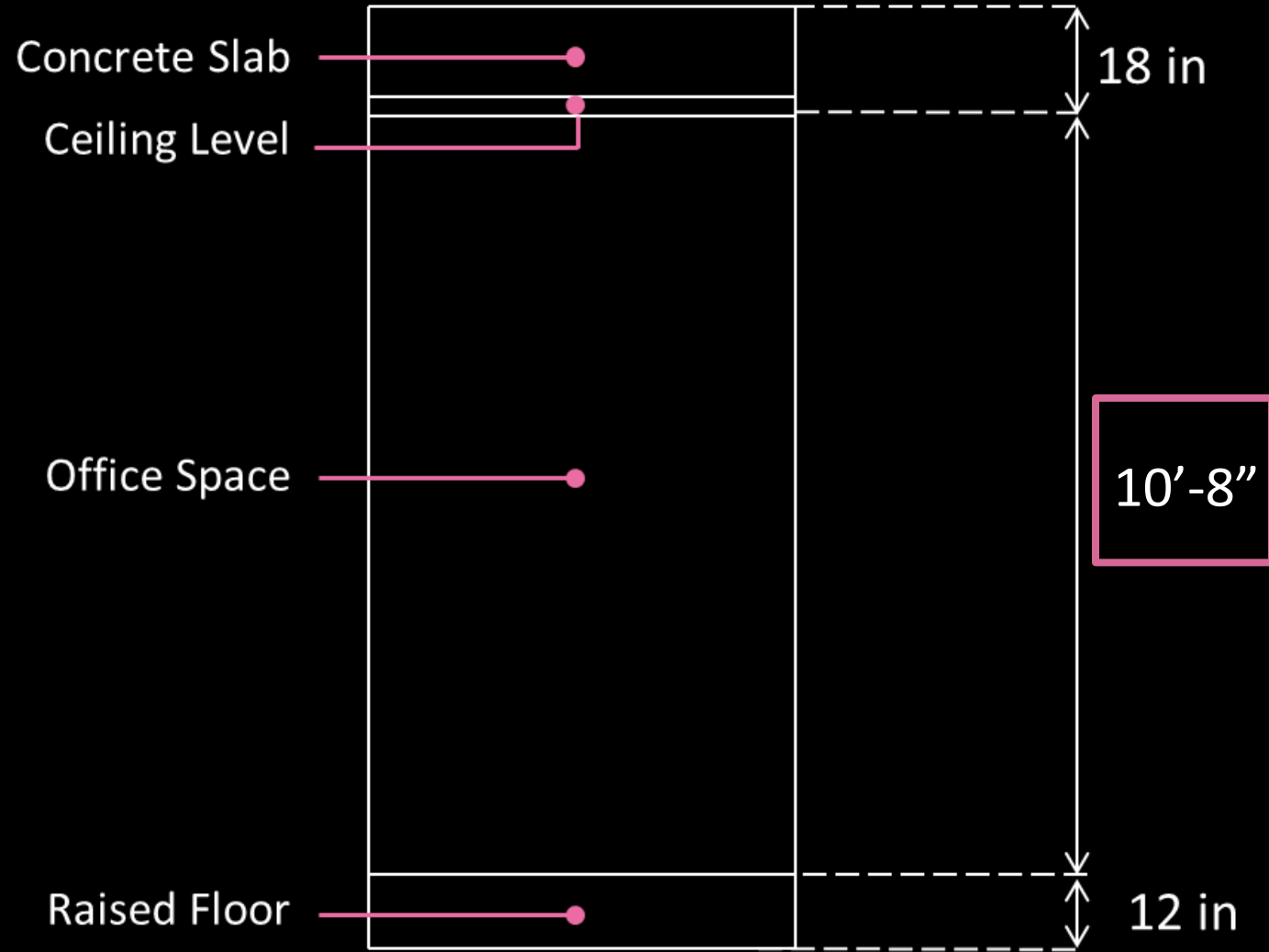


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

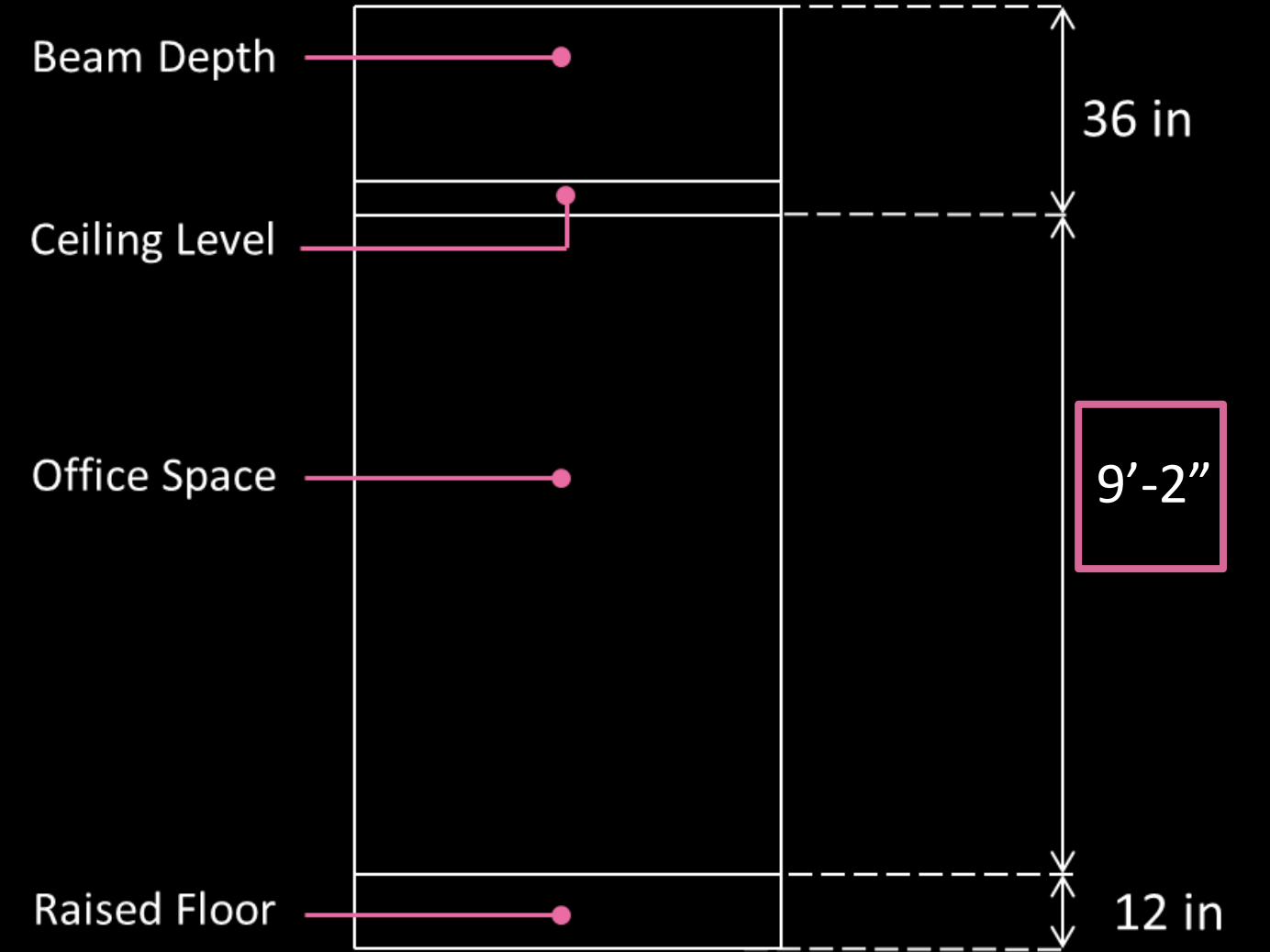
- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- **Architecture Breadth**
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

1'-6" Decrease in floor-to-ceiling height

Floor-to-Ceiling Height



Concrete



Steel

La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- **Construction Breadth**
- Conclusions

Construction Breadth



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- **Construction Breadth**
- Conclusions

Concrete System Cost

- Cost information provided by Hines
- Concrete chosen because it was cheaper than steel system
- **Approximately \$61 per SF**

Original Concrete Structure Cost Summary	
Cost Per SF	\$ 61.46
Structural Square Footage	462,301 SF
% General Conditions	14%
Total Original Structure Cost	\$ 28,413,000
General Conditions Cost	\$ 3,978,000
Original Structure Cost w/ out General Conditions	\$ 24,435,000

La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- **Construction Breadth**
- Conclusions

Steel System Cost

- Based on cost information from RS Means 2009
- **Approximately \$65 per SF**

Total Steel Structure Cost (2009 RS Means)	
Item	Cost
Concrete on Metal Deck	\$ 3,050,000
Structural Steel Framing	\$ 9,052,000
Shear Walls	\$ 4,310,000
Foundation Walls	\$ 1,929,000
Lower Level Concrete Slabs	\$ 2,796,000
Lower Level Concrete Columns	\$ 198,000
Mat Foundation	\$ 4,055,000
Total Cost	\$ 25,391,000
Final Modified Cost	\$ 30,072,000

La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- **Construction Breadth**
- Conclusions

Cost Comparison

- **23 % Increase in cost for steel system**
- Validates original decision by designers to design structure in concrete

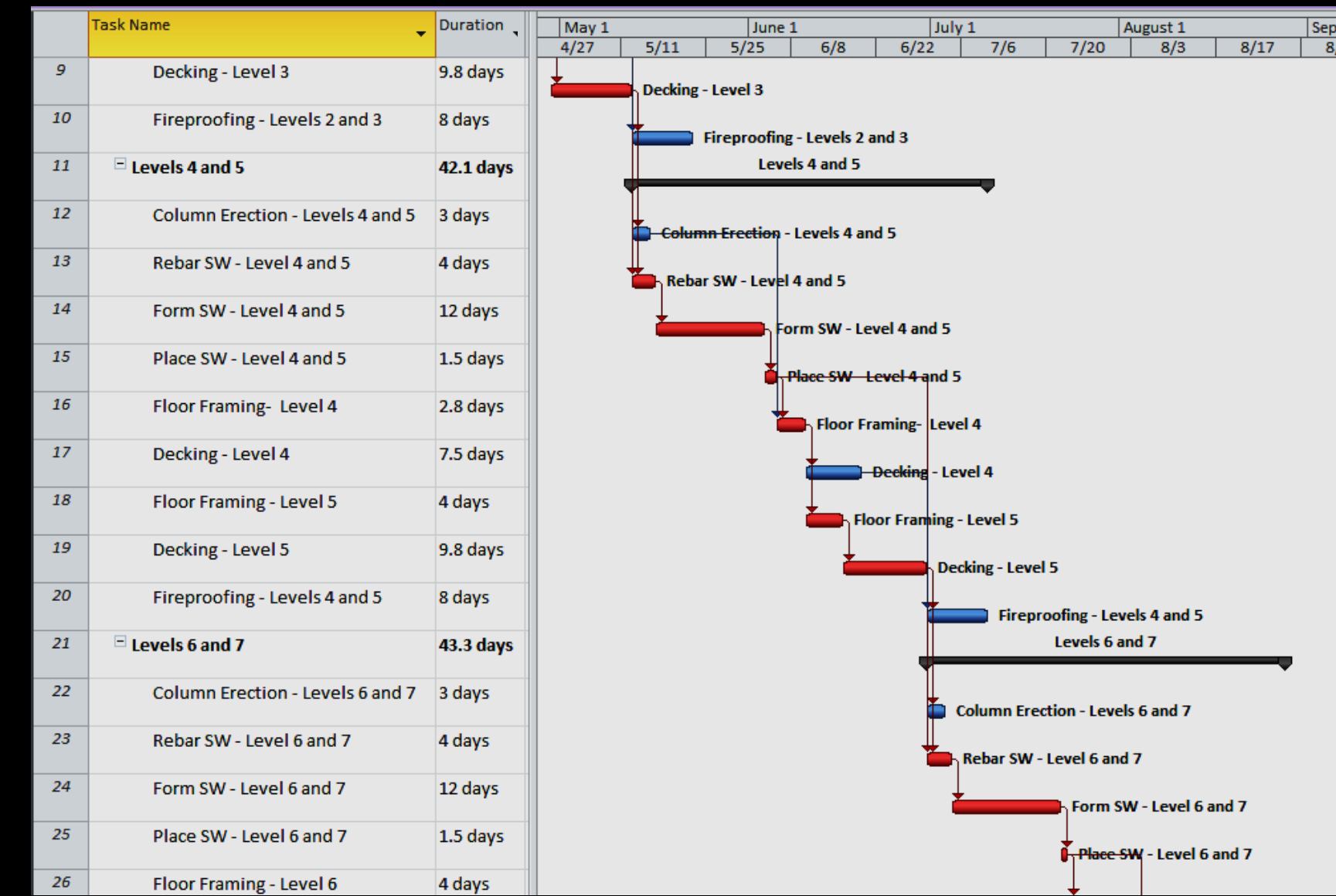
Final Cost Comparison	
Original Concrete Structure Cost	\$ 24,435,000
New Steel Structure Cost	\$ 30,072,000
% Increase in Cost	23%

La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- **Construction Breadth**
- Conclusions

Steel System Schedule

- Schedule produced in Microsoft Project
- Durations from RS Means 2009
- Superstructure duration | 230 days

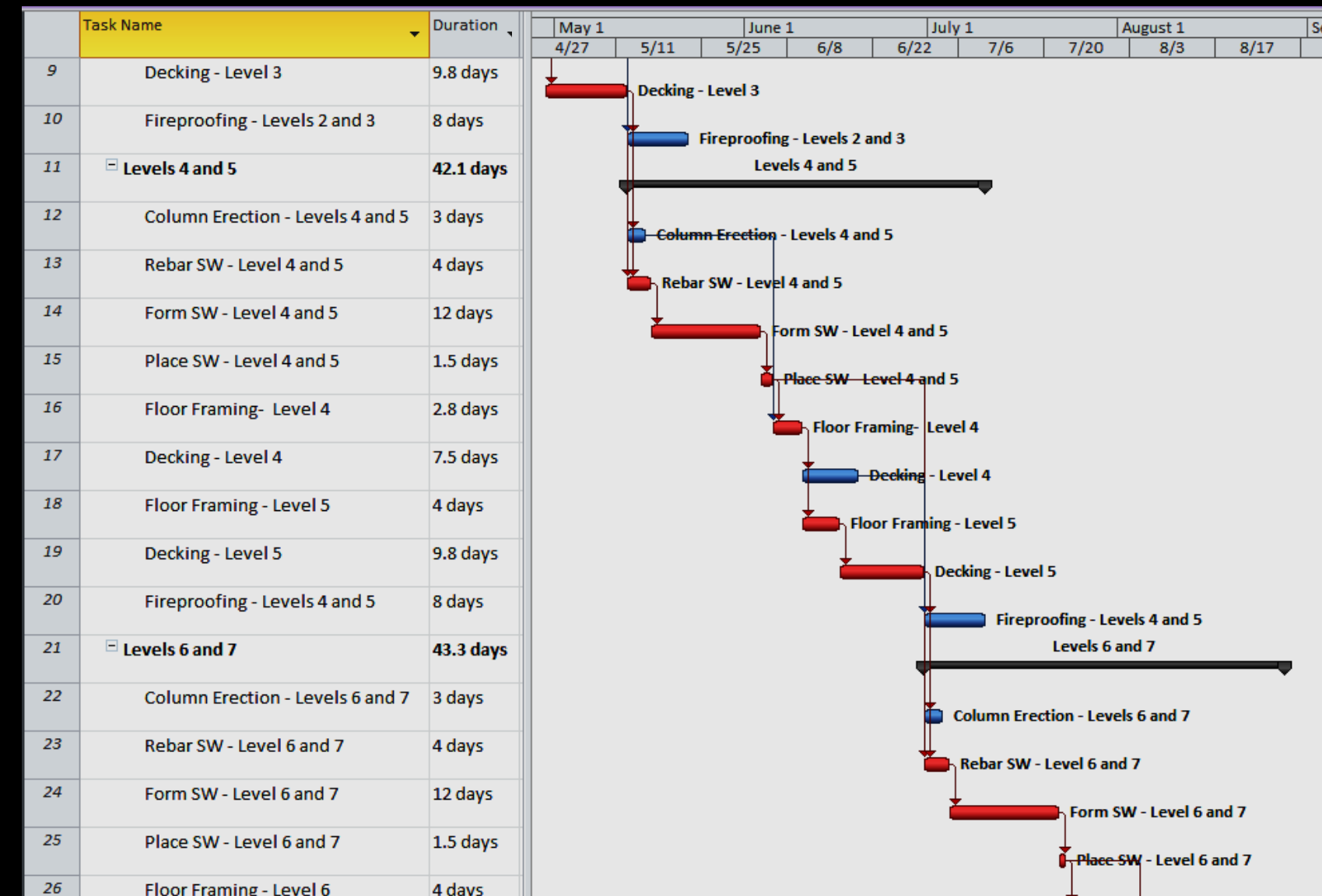


La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- **Construction Breadth**
- Conclusions

Schedule Comparison

- Only 2 weeks time savings
- Not worth the 23% cost increase
- If time savings were more significant, cost increase may have been offset



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- **Conclusions**

Conclusions

- Designed a feasible steel gravity system with vibration reducing characteristics
- Designed special steel moment frames
- Eliminated torsional irregularity
- Reduced floor-to-ceiling heights
- Increased cost for steel structure is not offset by reduction in project schedule



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- **Conclusions**

Acknowledgements

Special Thanks to:

Hines

Nabih Youssef Associates

AE Faculty | especially Dr. Linda Hanagan & Prof. Sustersic

Benjamin Barben

My loving family, boyfriend, friends, and classmates



La Jolla Commons Office Tower

- Building Introduction
- Design Scenario and Proposed Solution
- Gravity Redesign
 - Preliminary Vibrations Analysis and Layout
 - Beam and Column Designs
 - Final Vibrations Analysis
- Lateral Redesign
 - Layout
 - Moment Frames
 - Shear Walls
- Architecture Breadth
- Construction Breadth
- Conclusions

Questions and Comments?

